

**L****E****D** dance floor,

by

Nick, Kathryn,

Mark, and Aiden



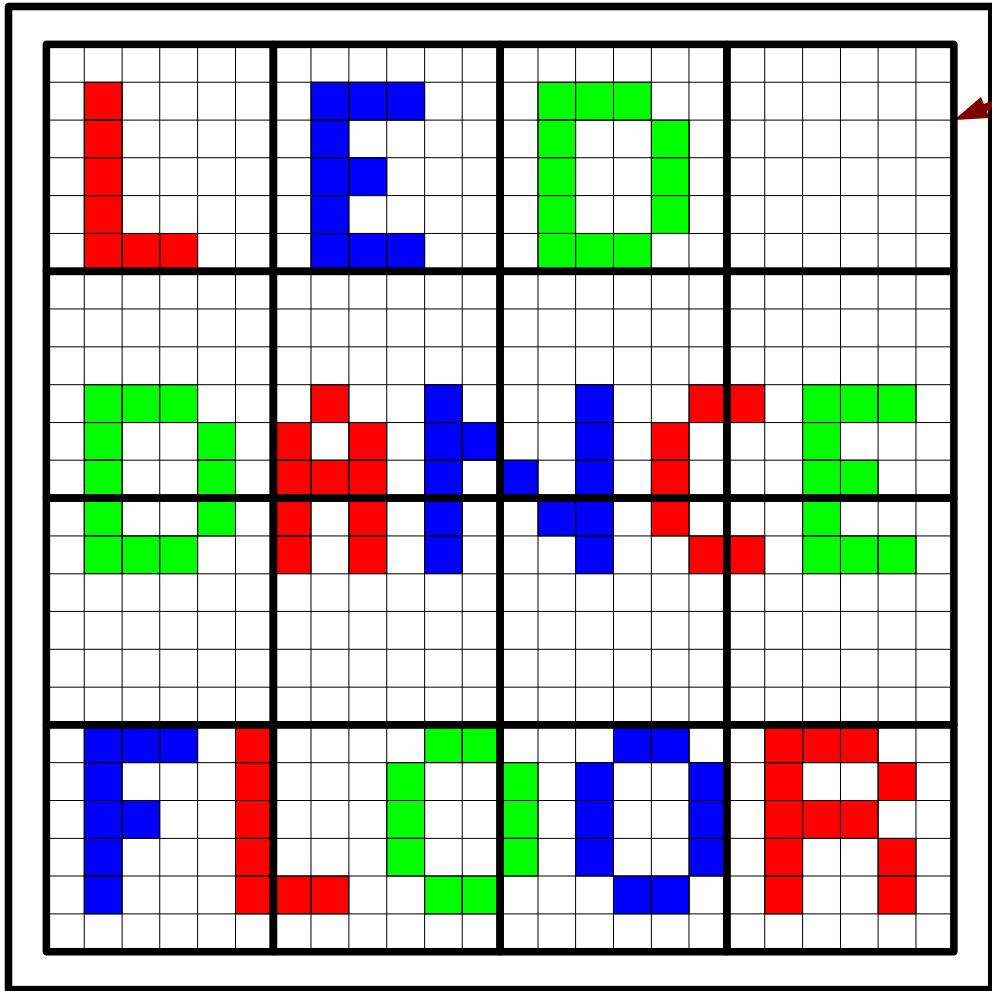
\$23,000

OUCH!

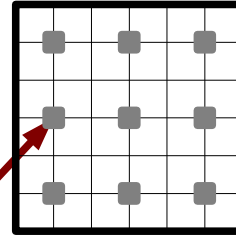
I think we can  
beat that!

The inspiration –  
a game floor at  
Kidzone



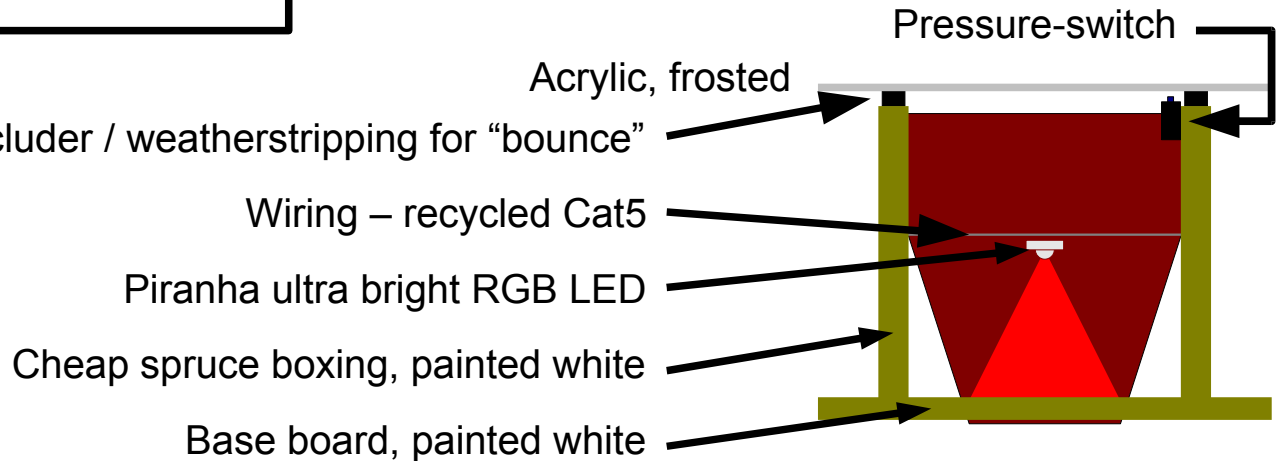


Dance floor is made of 4x4 modules...  
 ... and a 4-inch border for control electronics and cabling



Each module is 6x6 cells, sized to fit the cheapest acrylic we could find. Each cell is 4x4 inches, minus "1 inch" (before planing) spruce which makes up the cell walls, slotted into each other. There are pressure-switches in between each 2x2 cells to detect players standing/jumping there (so 12x12 sensors total).

## Side view of a cell:



# Boxing - Wood cutting guide

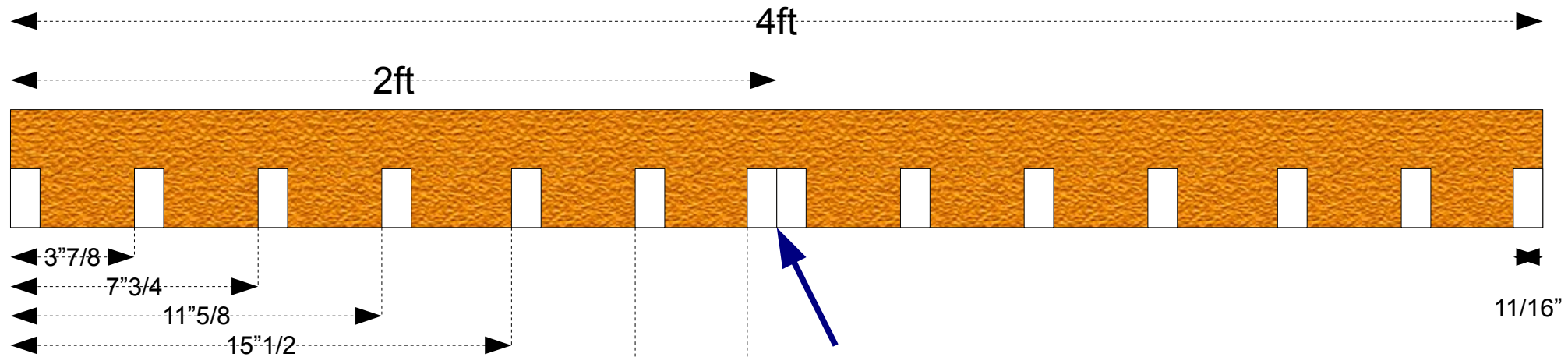
After planing, 1"x4"x8' wood is more like 11/16" x 3"7/16 x 8'

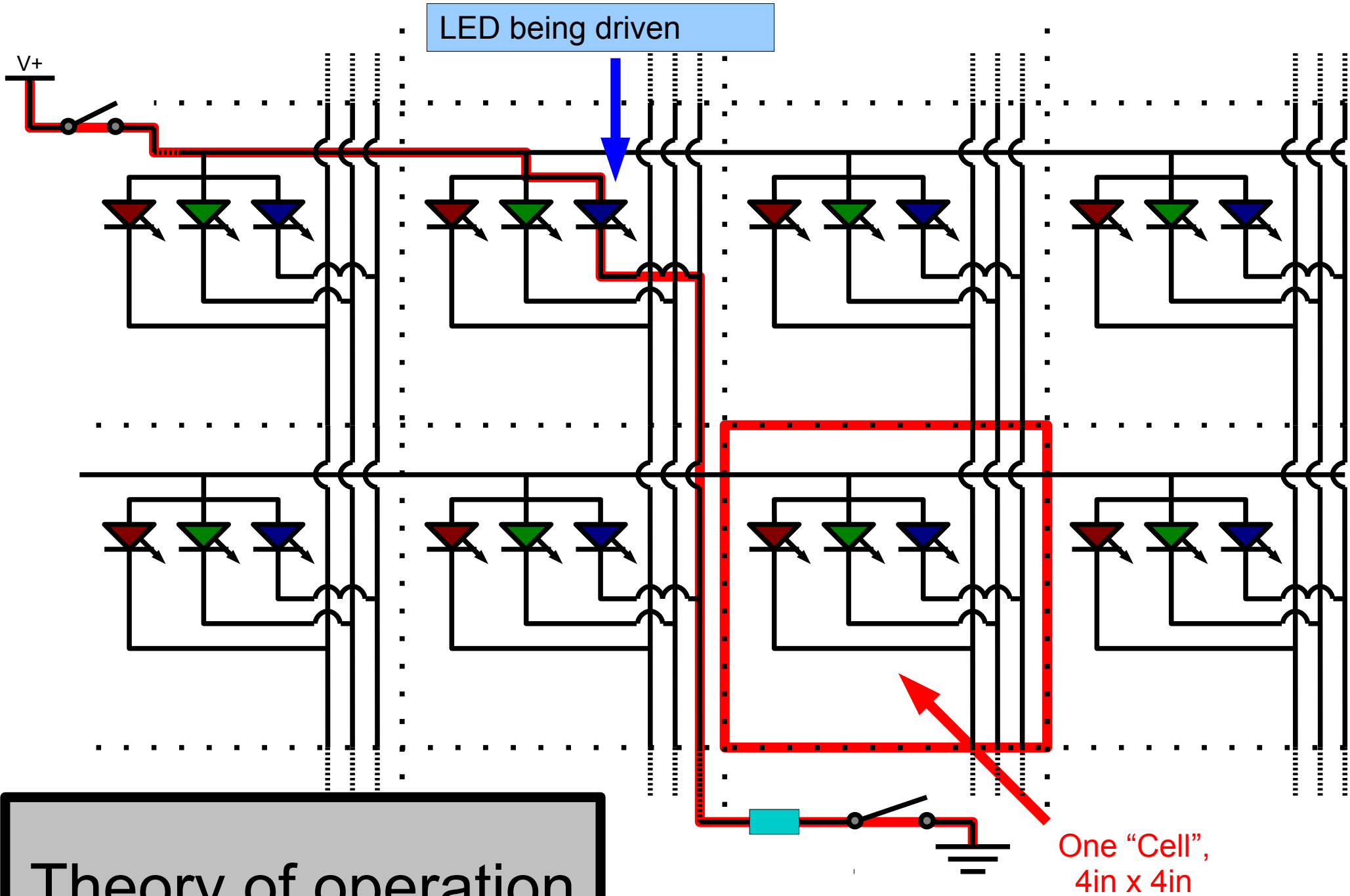
So slots for boxing need to be 11/16" wide and 1"3/4 deep.

All 4 sides of the 2'x4' acrylic need proper support.

We're making slightly-fake 2"x2" boxes, so one sheet of acrylic sits over 2 such boxes.

We're building the dance-floor in four 4'x4' quarters for a certain amount of portability. Each quarter will hold 2 sheets of 2'x4' acrylic, with wood doubled where required to support the edges of the acrylic and for symmetry





LED being driven

Theory of operation

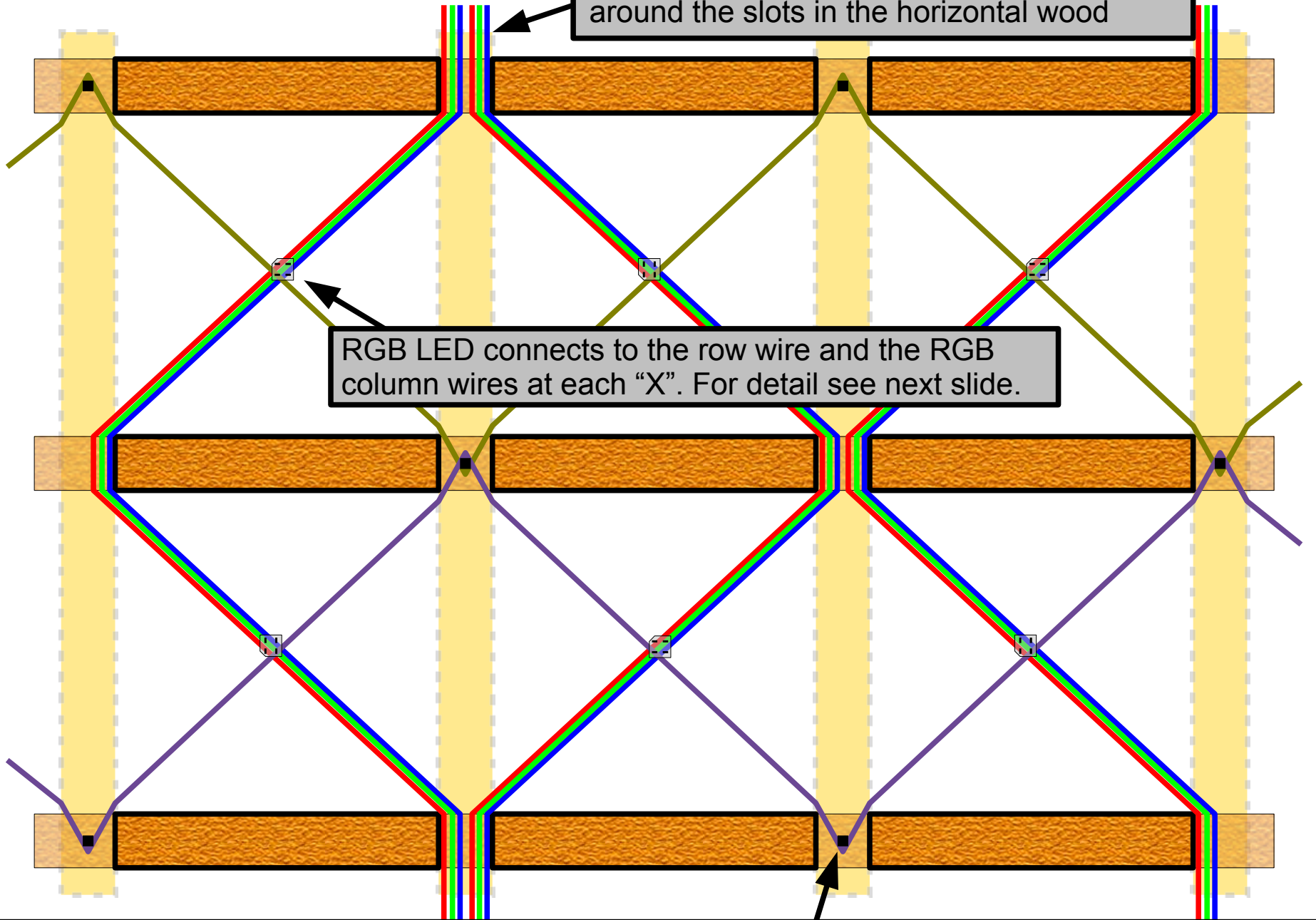
One "Cell",  
4in x 4in

# Cabling the cells

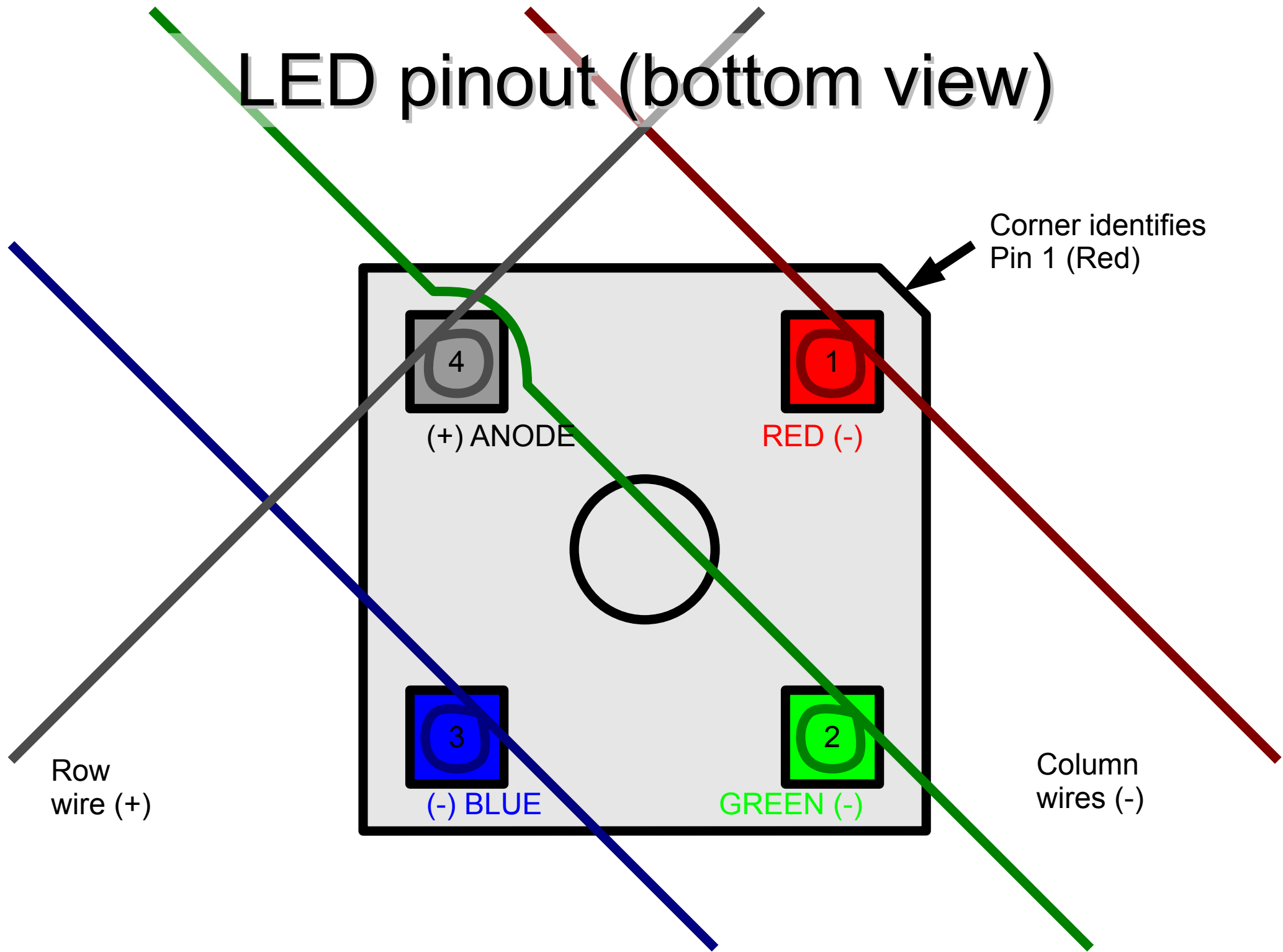
RGB column wires are easy – they zigzag around the slots in the horizontal wood

RGB LED connects to the row wire and the RGB column wires at each "X". For detail see next slide.

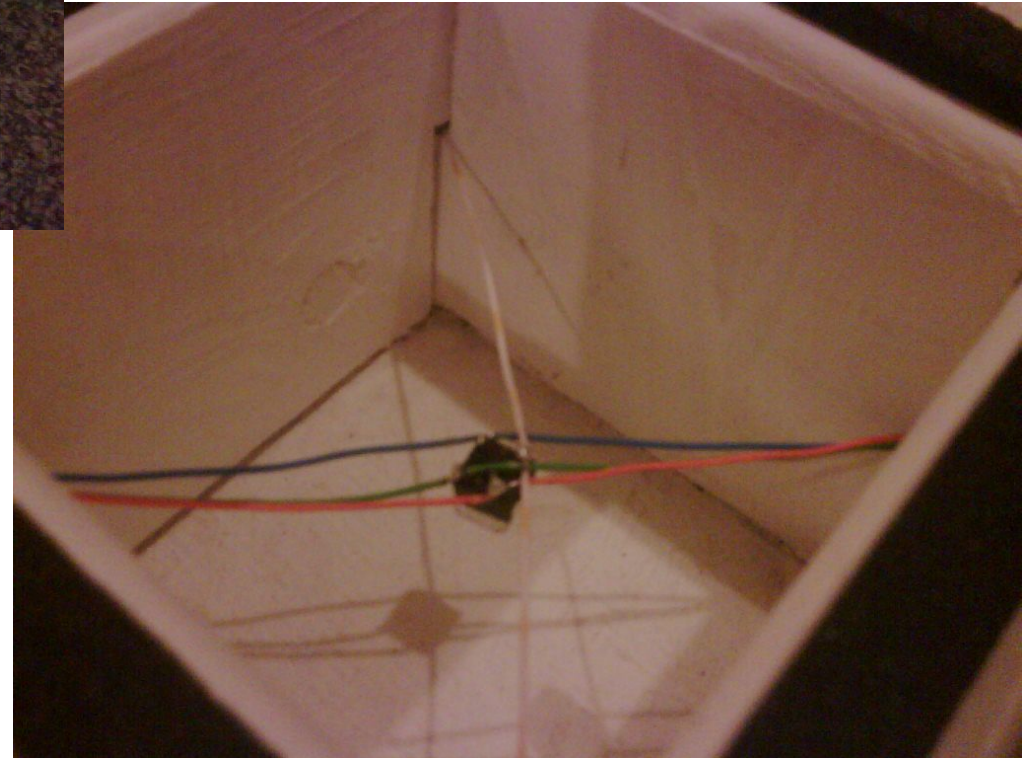
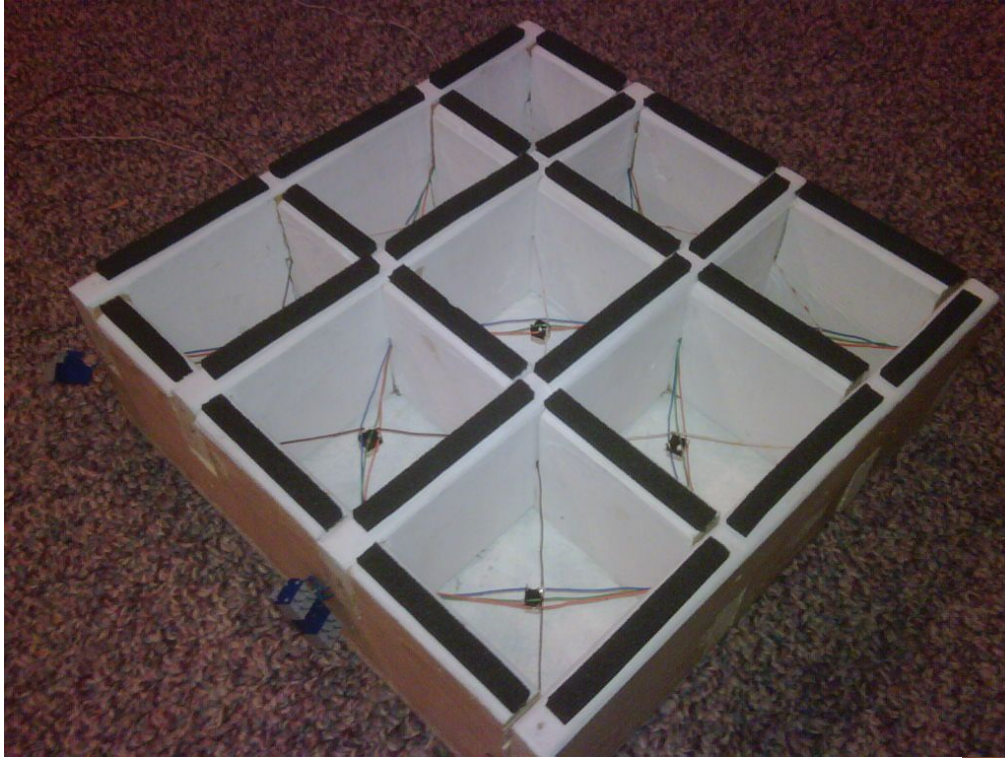
The row wiring is harder. It would theoretically zigzag around the vertical wood, except that's not fitted yet. It's easier to wrap around nails. It's hard to hammer nails in the narrow slots, but not impossible.



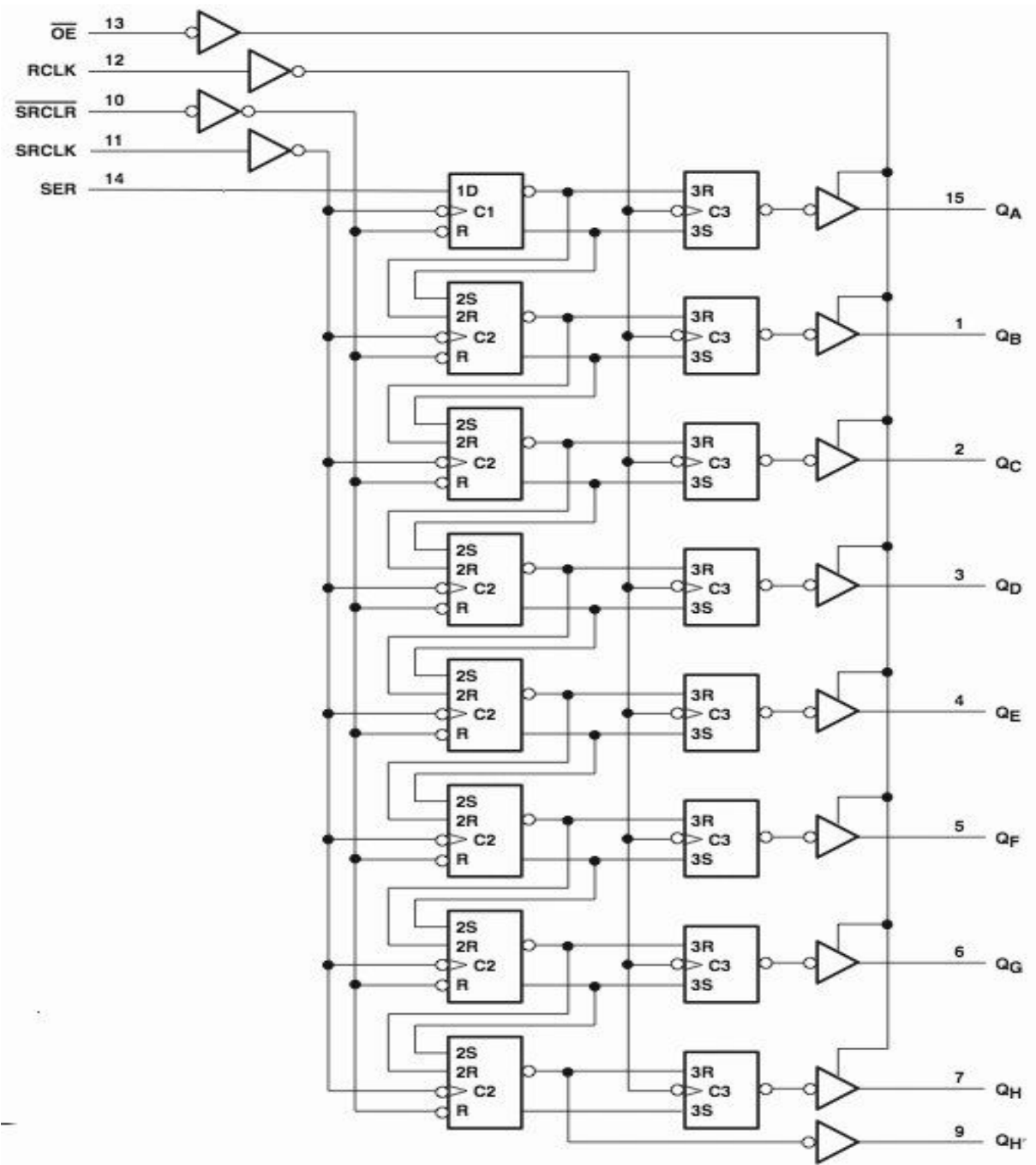
# LED pinout (bottom view)



# Cabling the cells

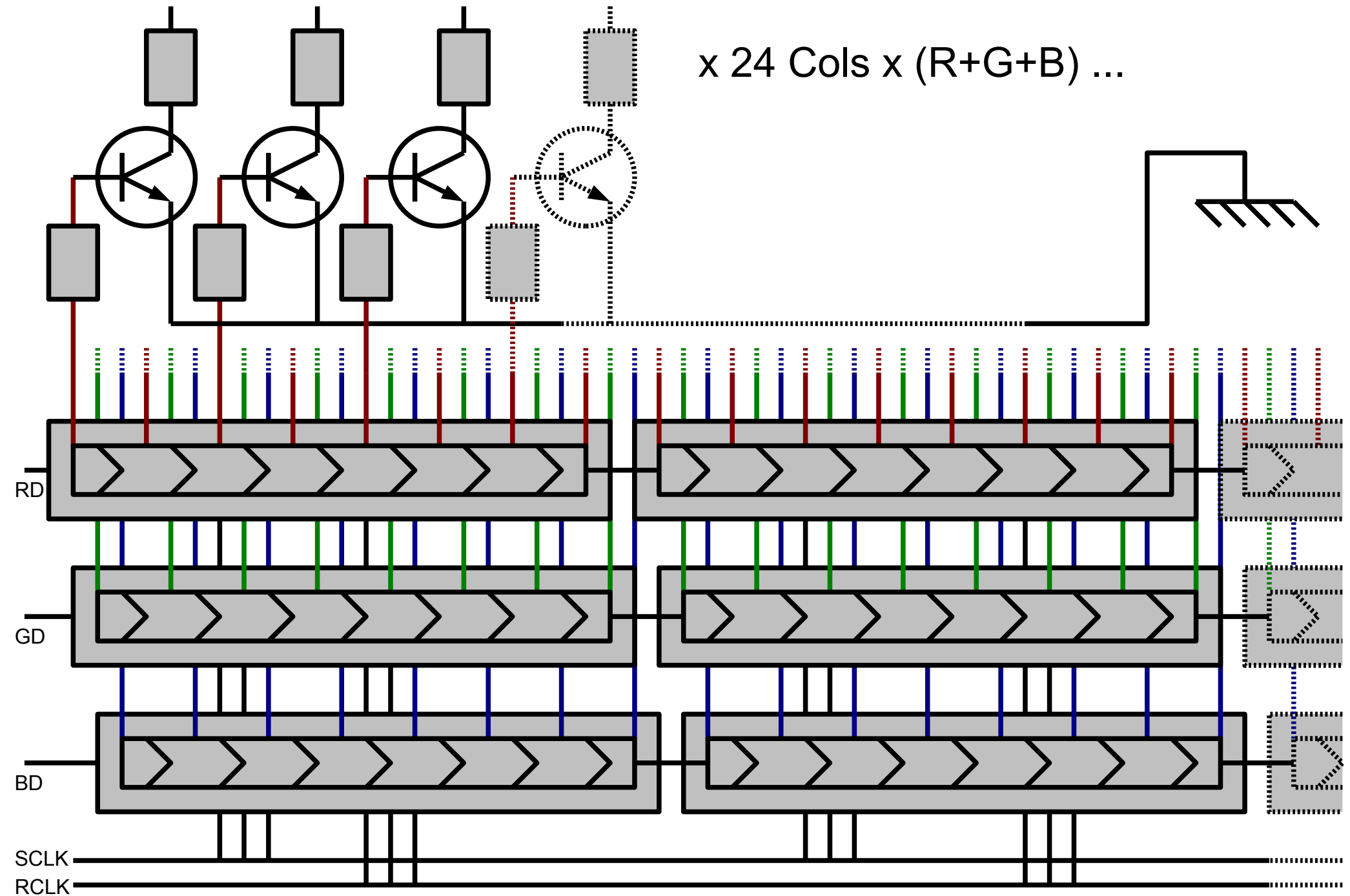


# Control via 74HC595 shift/latch registers

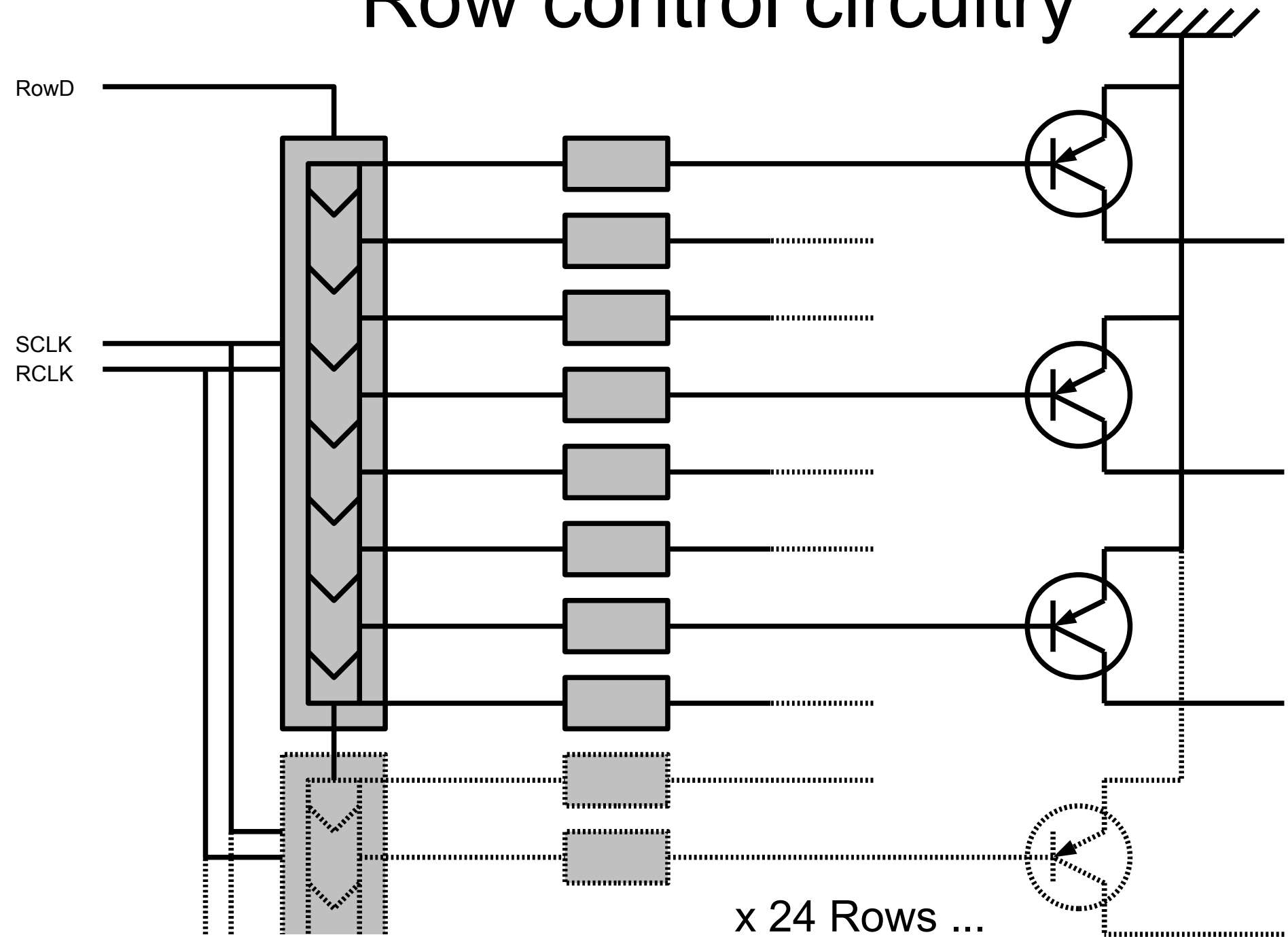


# Column control circuitry

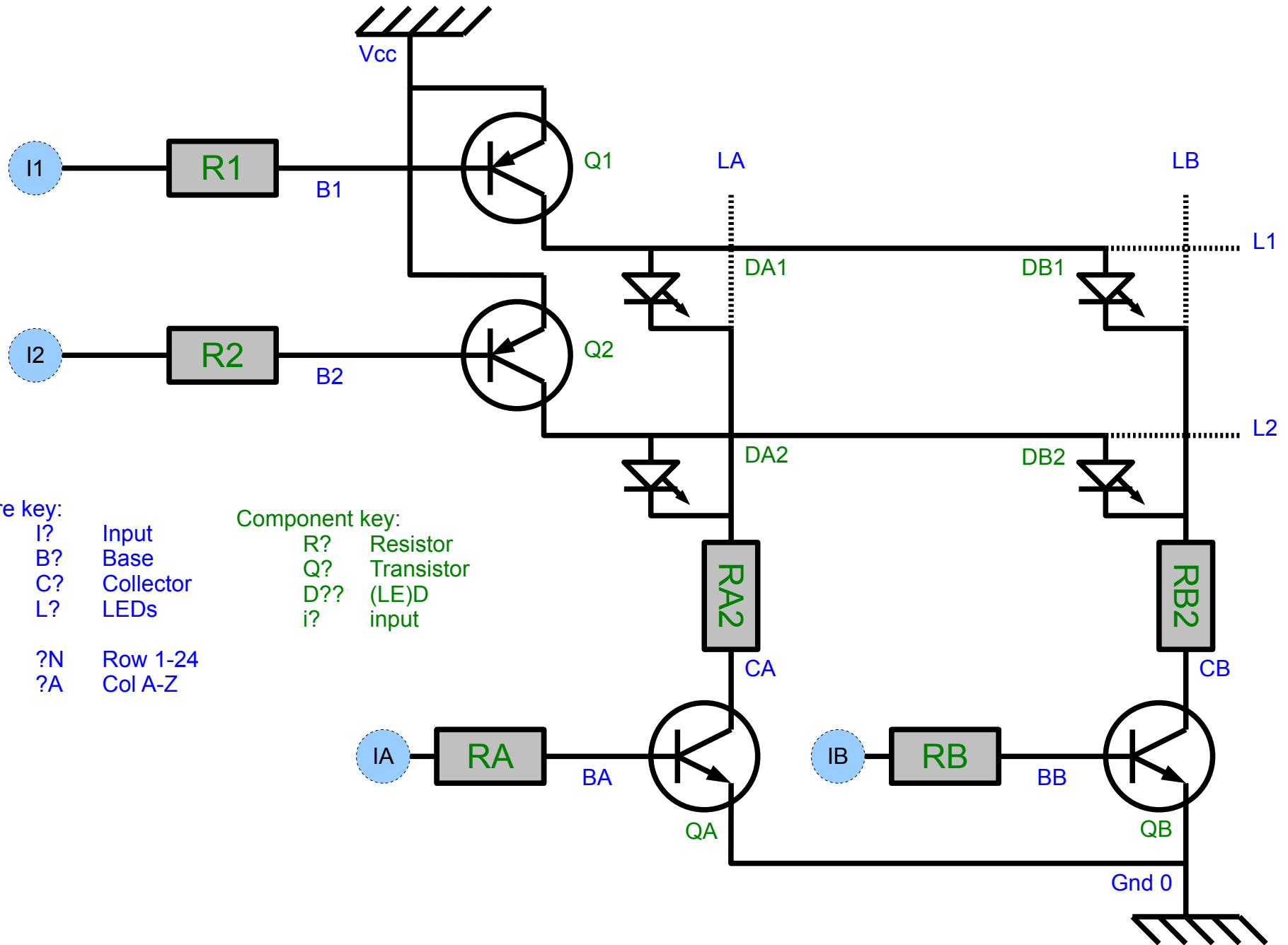
x 24 Cols x (R+G+B) ...



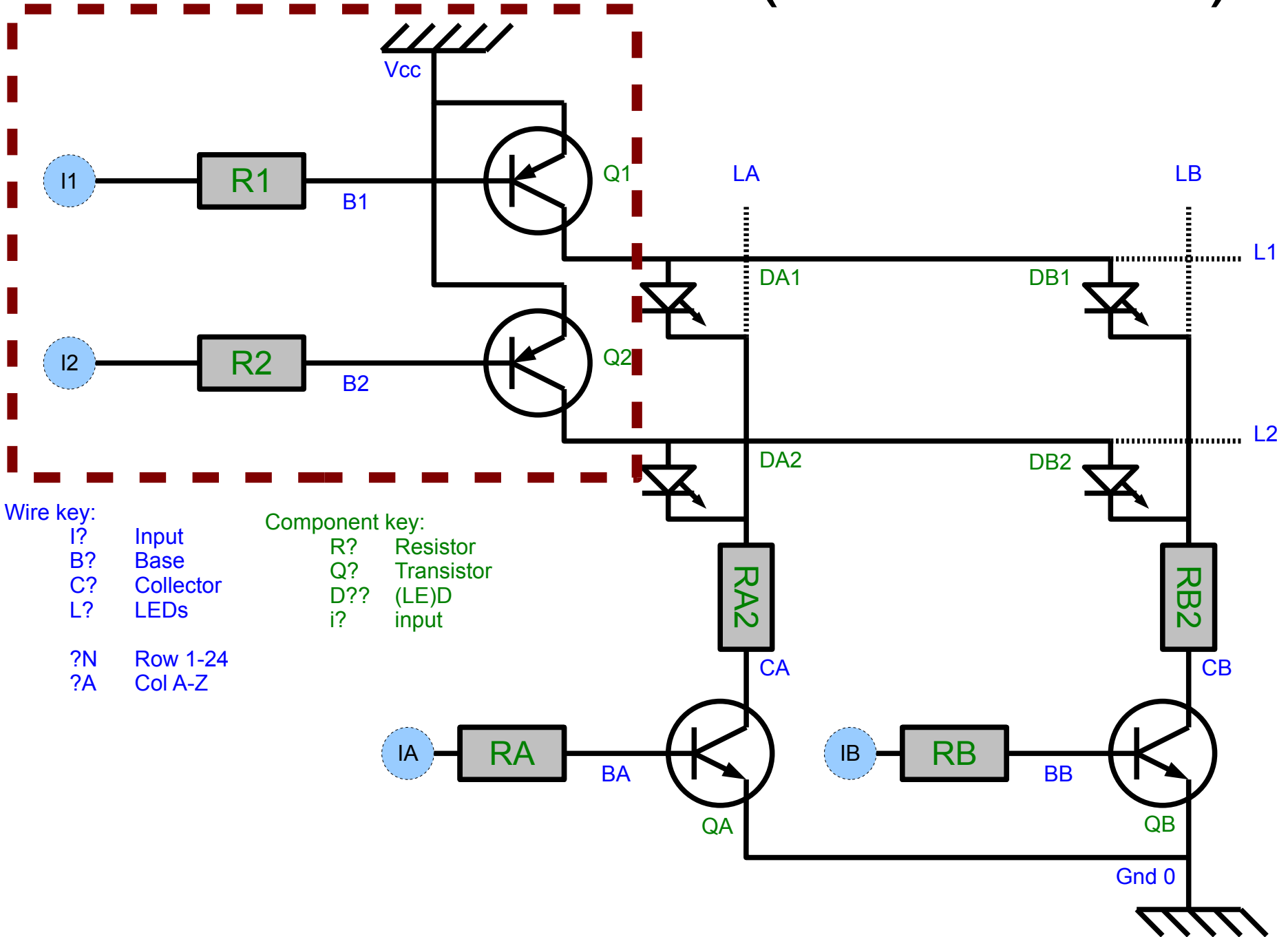
# Row control circuitry



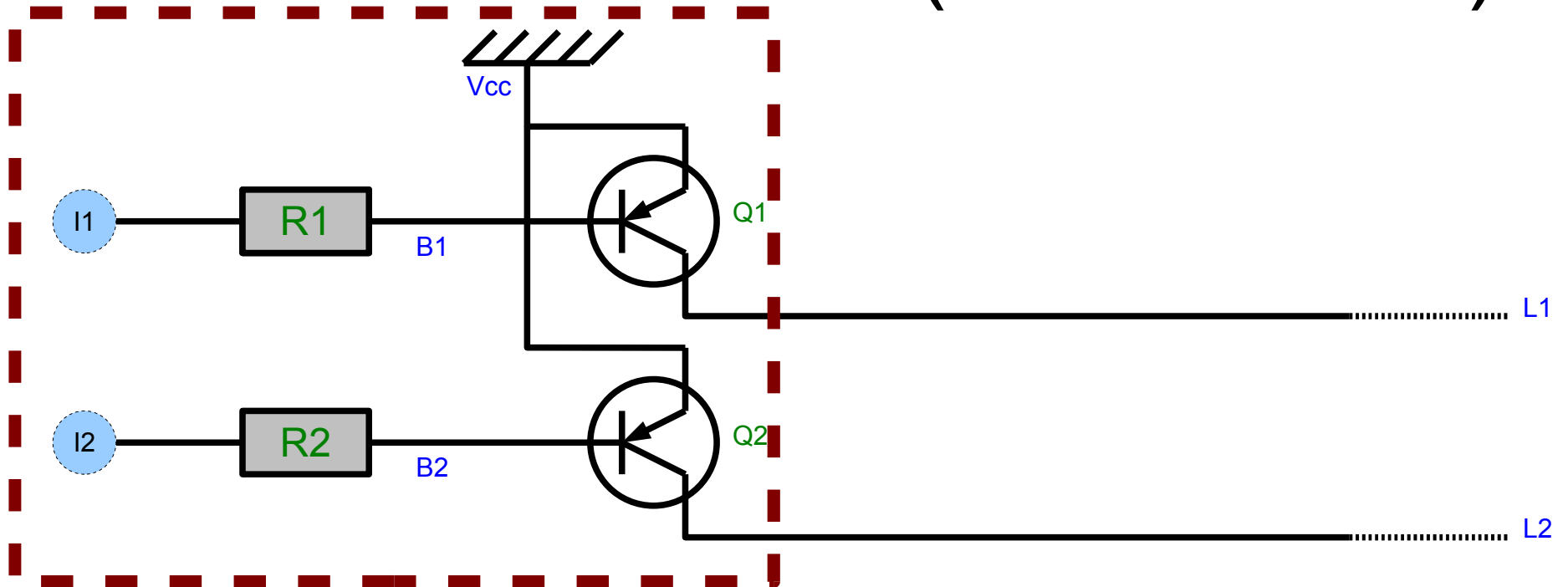
# SPICE test circuit (2rows 2cols)



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# SPICE test circuit (2rows 2cols)



```
* Comp N+ N- Value ...
Vcc Vcc 0 DC 5V
```

\* Row driver circuitry

```
R1 I1 B1 510
```

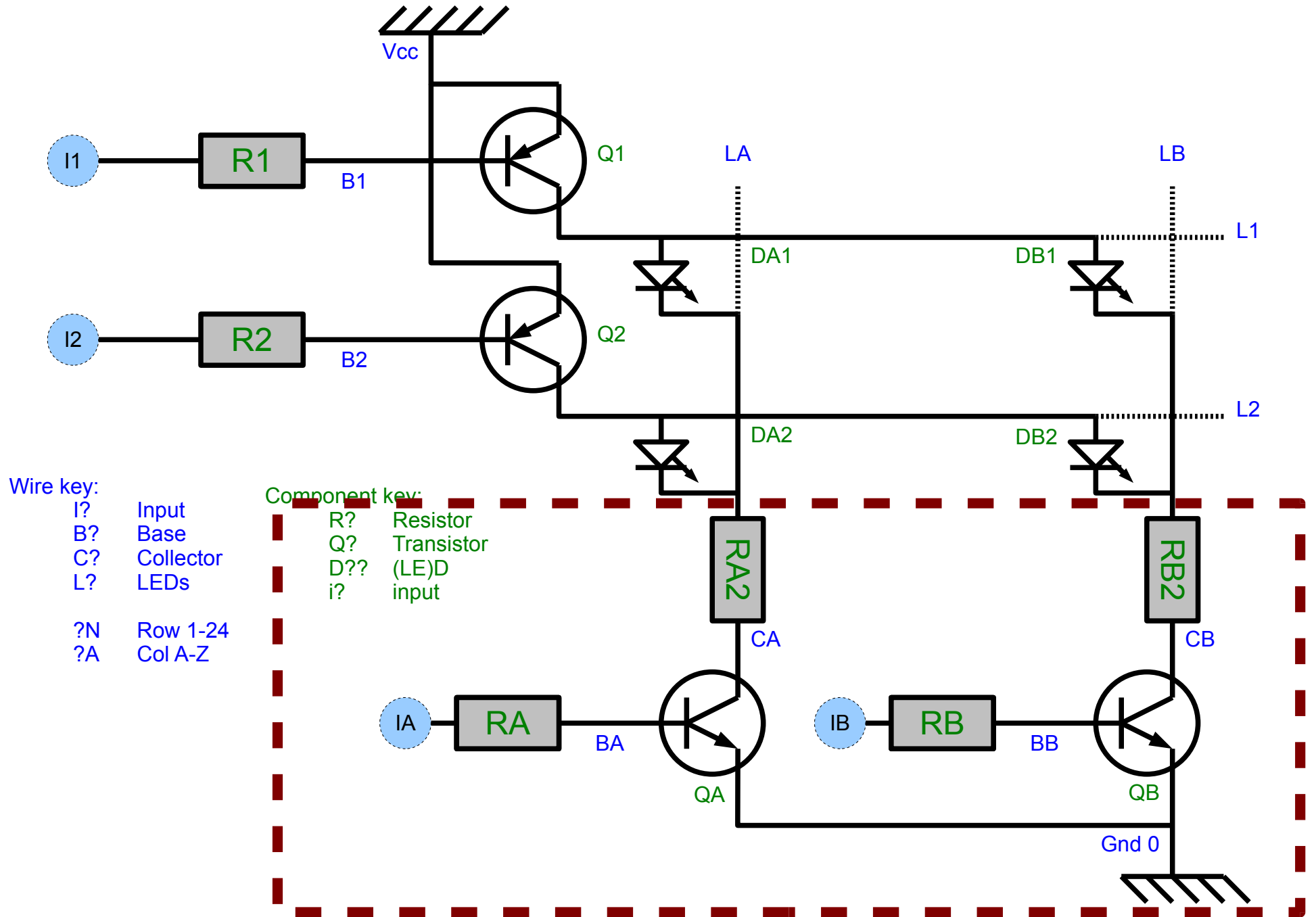
```
R2 I2 B2 510
```

```
* Trans C B E Model
```

```
Q1 L1 B1 Vcc PNP
```

```
Q2 L2 B2 Vcc PNP
```

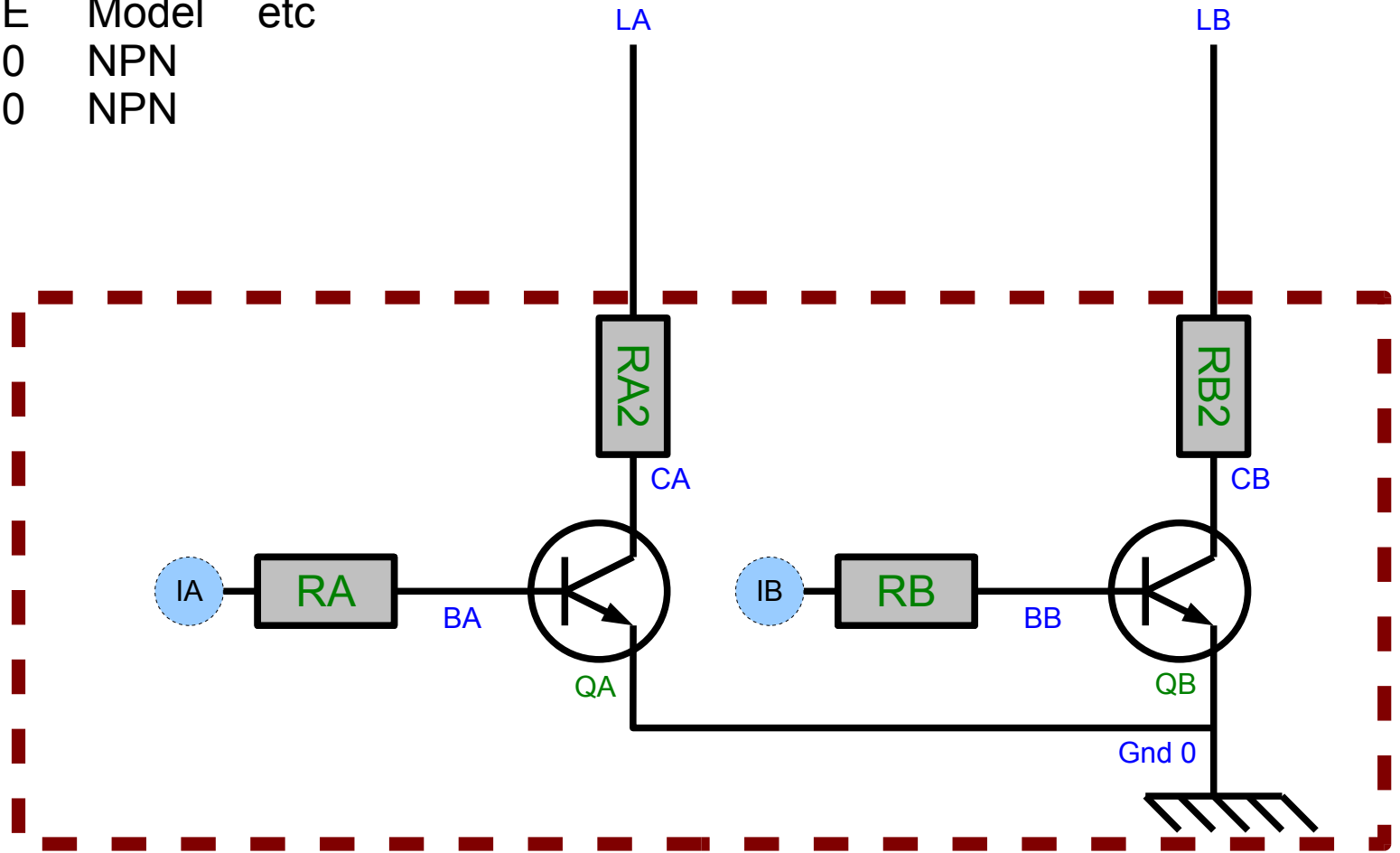
# SPICE test circuit (2rows 2cols)



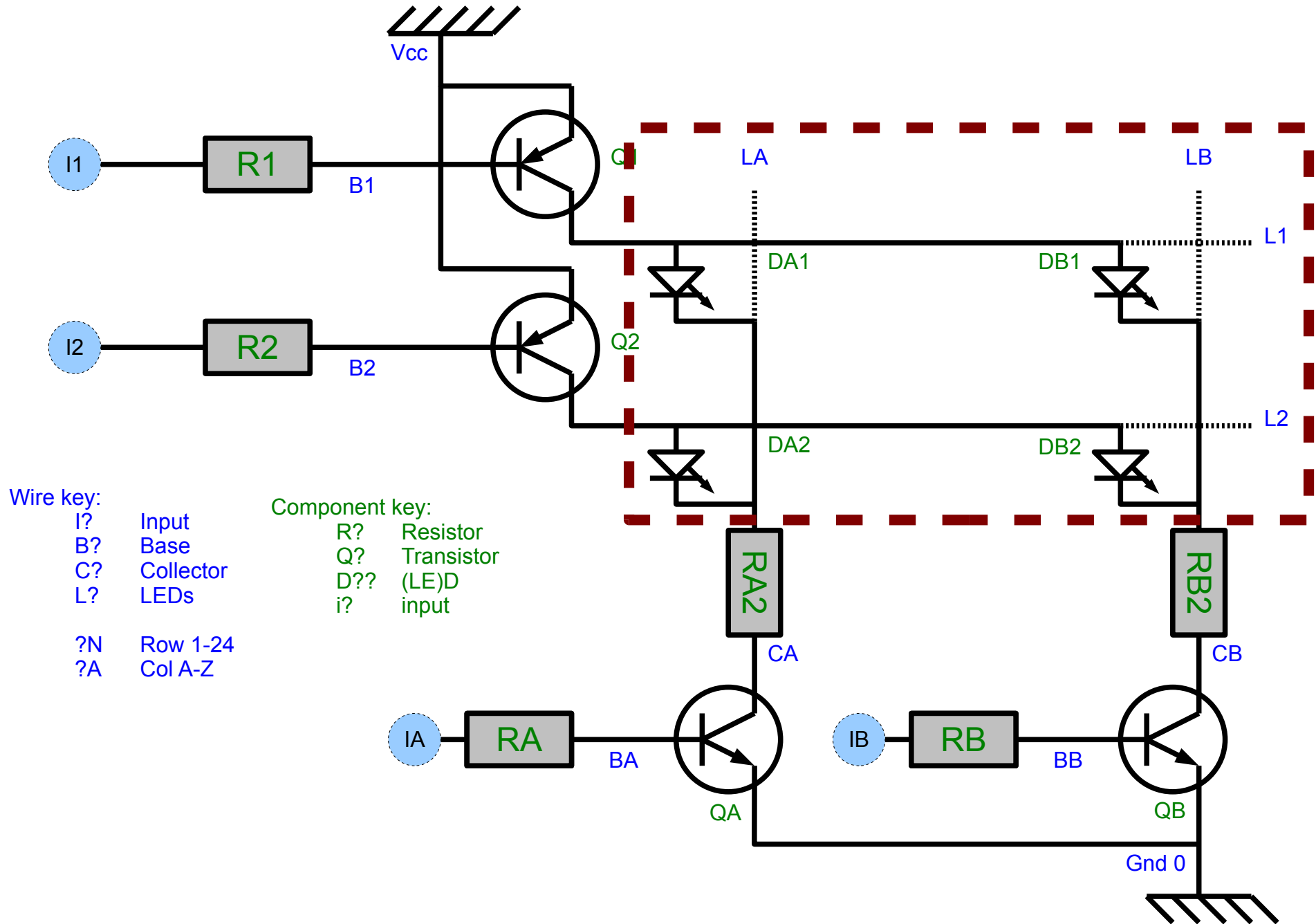
# SPICE test circuit (2rows 2cols)

\* Column Driver circuitry

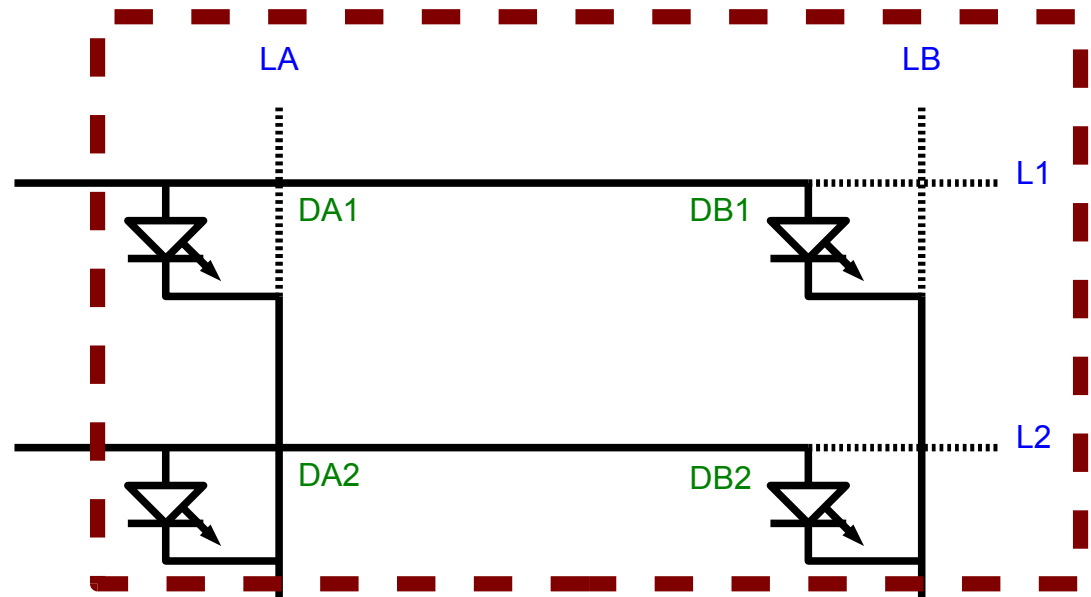
* Comp	N1	N2	Value	...	
RA	IA	BA	510		
RB	IB	BB	510		
RA2	LA	CA	150		
RB2	LB	CB	150		
* Trans	C	B	E	Model	etc
QA	CA	BA	0	NPN	
QB	CB	BB	0	NPN	



# SPICE test circuit (2rows 2cols)



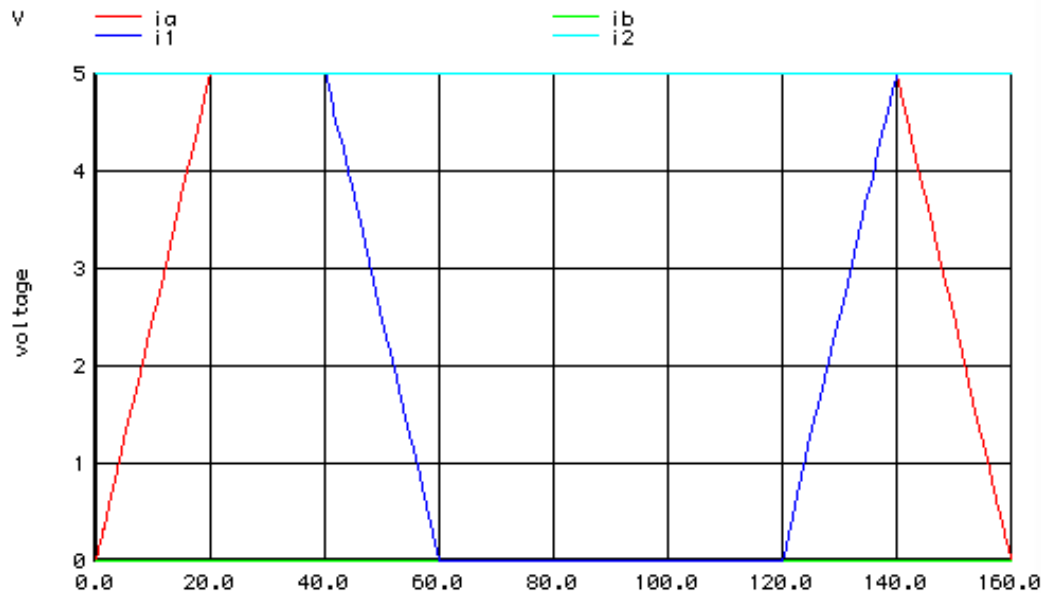
# SPICE test circuit (2rows 2cols)



* Diode	N+	N-	Model	...
* LEDs				
DA1	L1	LA	LED	
DA2	L2	LA	LED	
DB1	L1	LB	LED	
DB2	L2	LB	LED	

- \* Yes, there's probably better ways to do this with .SUBCKT stuff
- \* – maybe when I want to simulate the whole 24x24 :-)

# First SPICE results



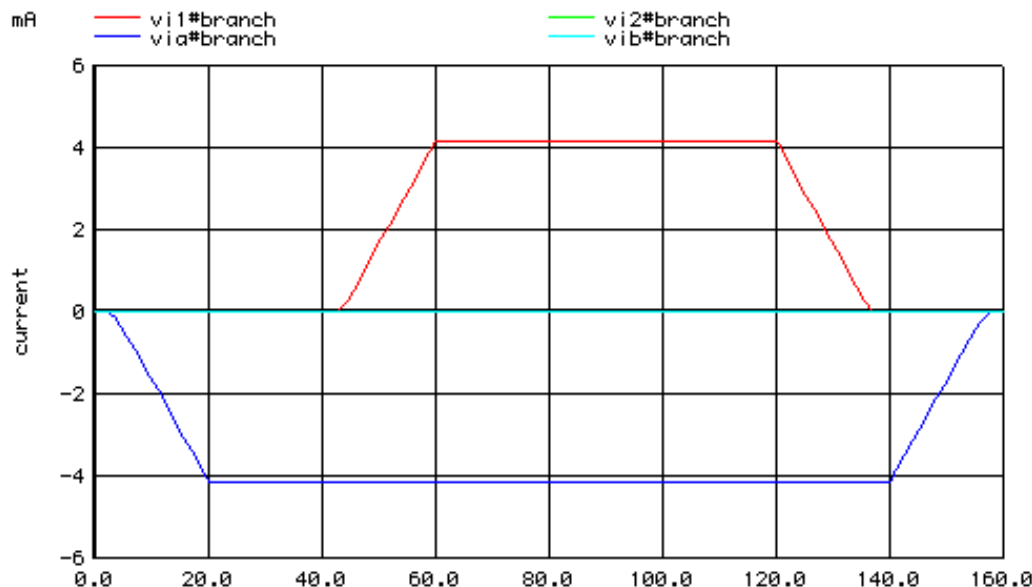
Our input signals.

0-20 $\mu$ s we select one column

40-60 we activate one row

120-140 we deactivate the row

140-160 we deselect the column

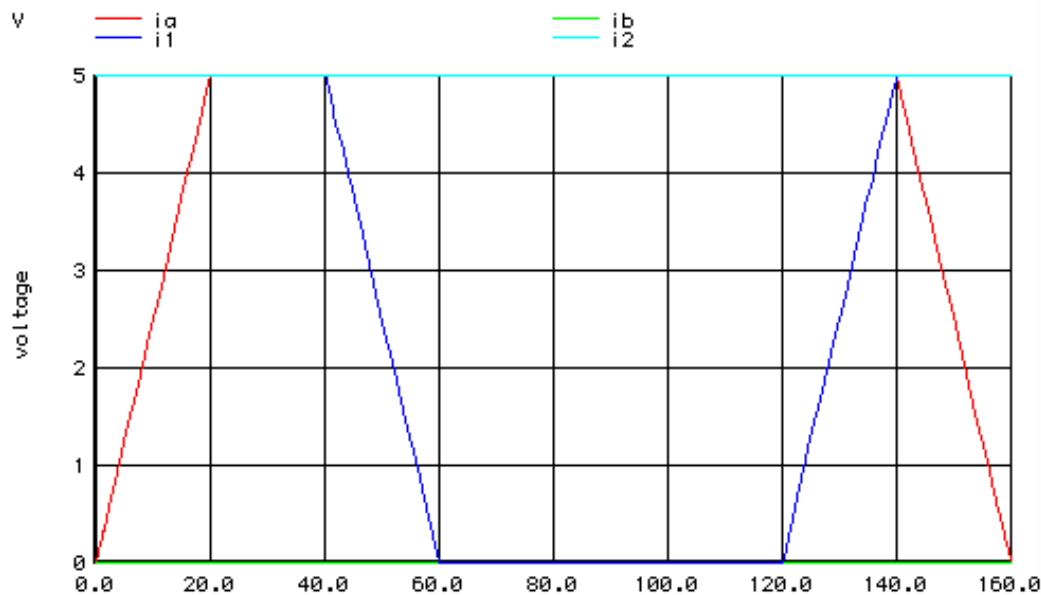


Our input currents.

There's a reasonably good reason why one current looks positive (sinking) and one looks negative (sourcing).

These currents would certainly not burn out the shift registers, but could probably be reduced. This was just with a "first guess" of 1k $\Omega$  for the base resistors – not too bad!

# First SPICE results



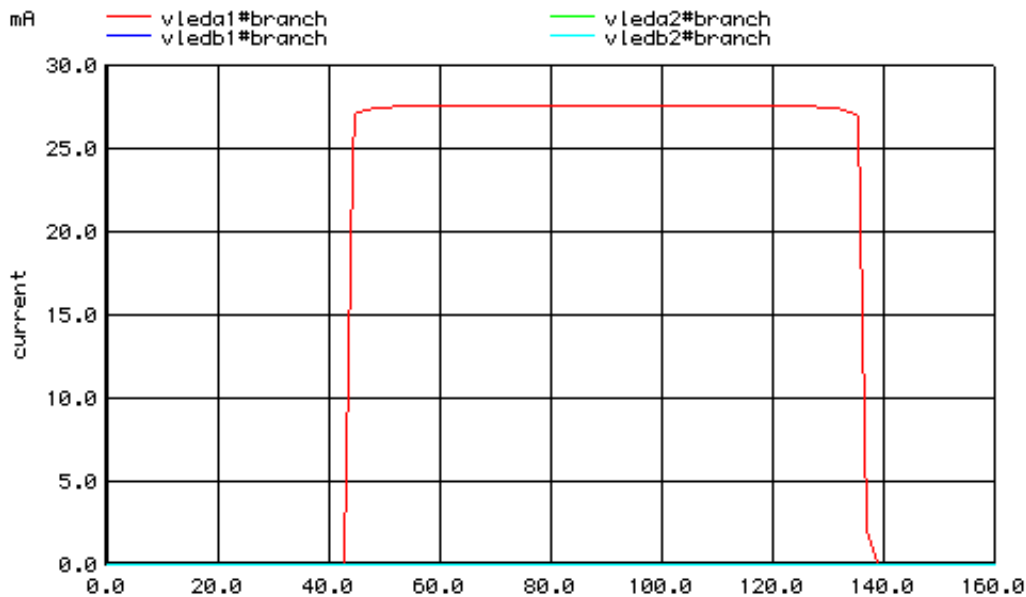
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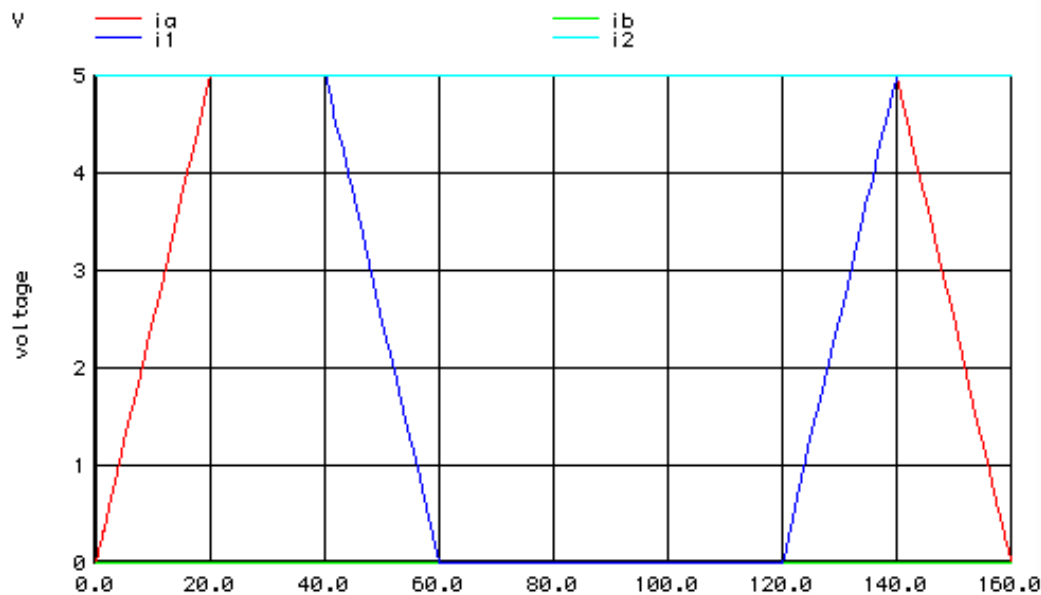
Our LED currents.

As expected, only 1 of the 4 LEDs in our test circuit is lit.

The current looks high, but I'm pretty sure that's because version 1 of my test circuit used a plain 0.7V diode model.

I could do with a more accurate LED model with 2.1V-3.2V forward voltage.

# First SPICE results



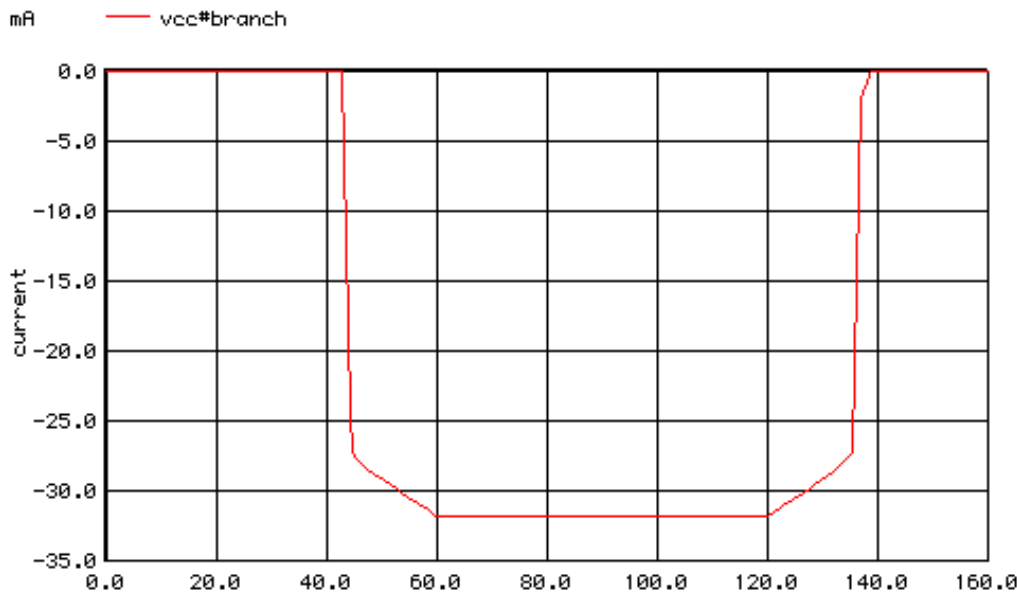
Our input signals.

0-20 $\mu$ s we select one column

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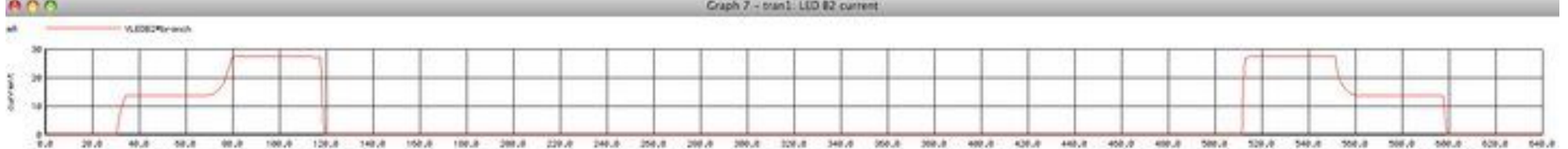
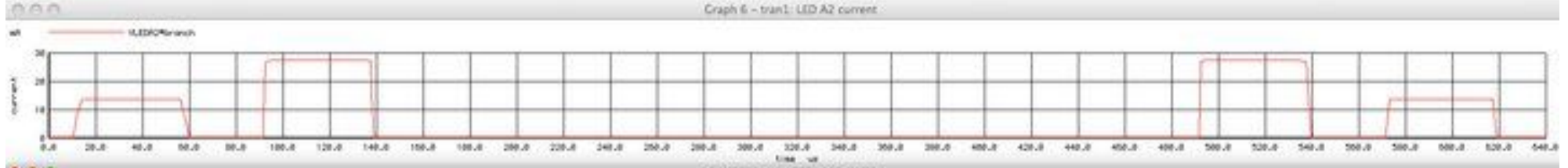
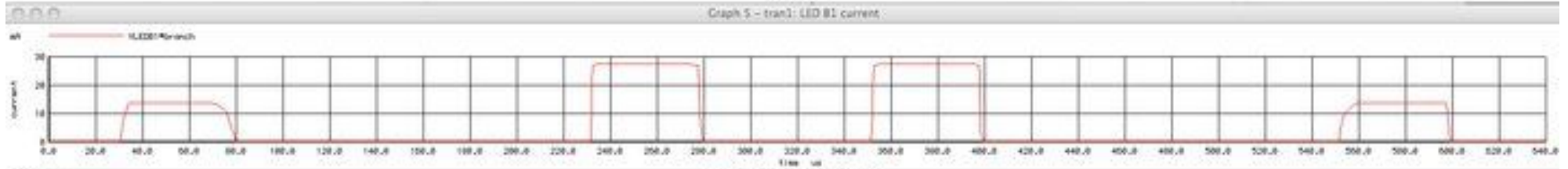
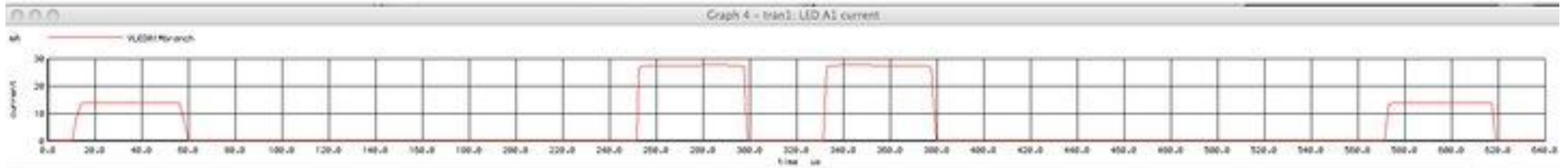
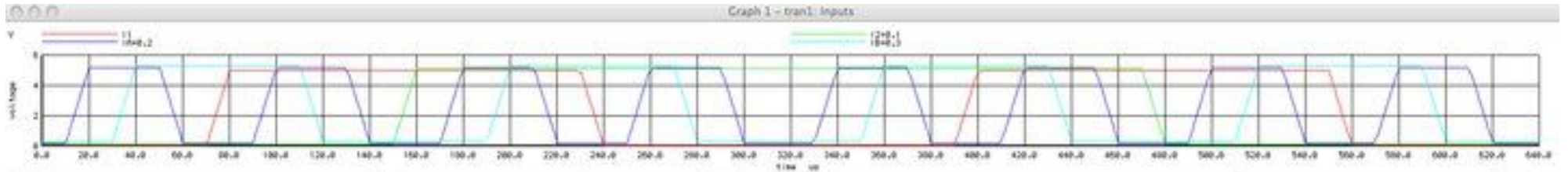


Total supply current.

Again, there's a good reason why this counts as being negative.

We're certainly not short-circuiting anywhere though. Looks pretty believable for a first LED dance floor circuit simulation, and my first attempt to use SPICE for nearly 2 decades!

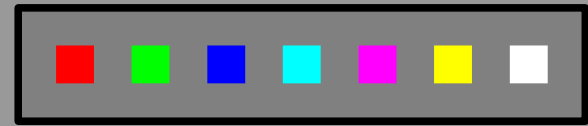
# More SPICE results



# Testing 3x3 cells

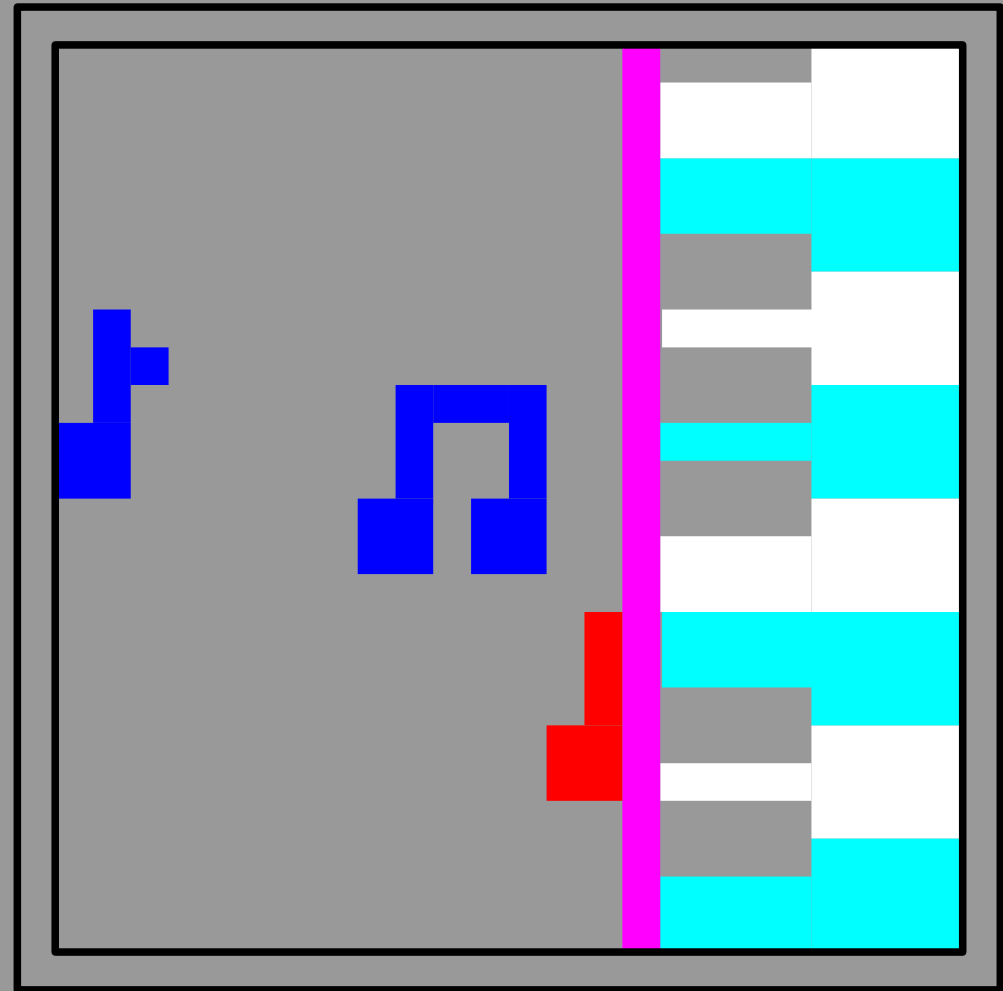
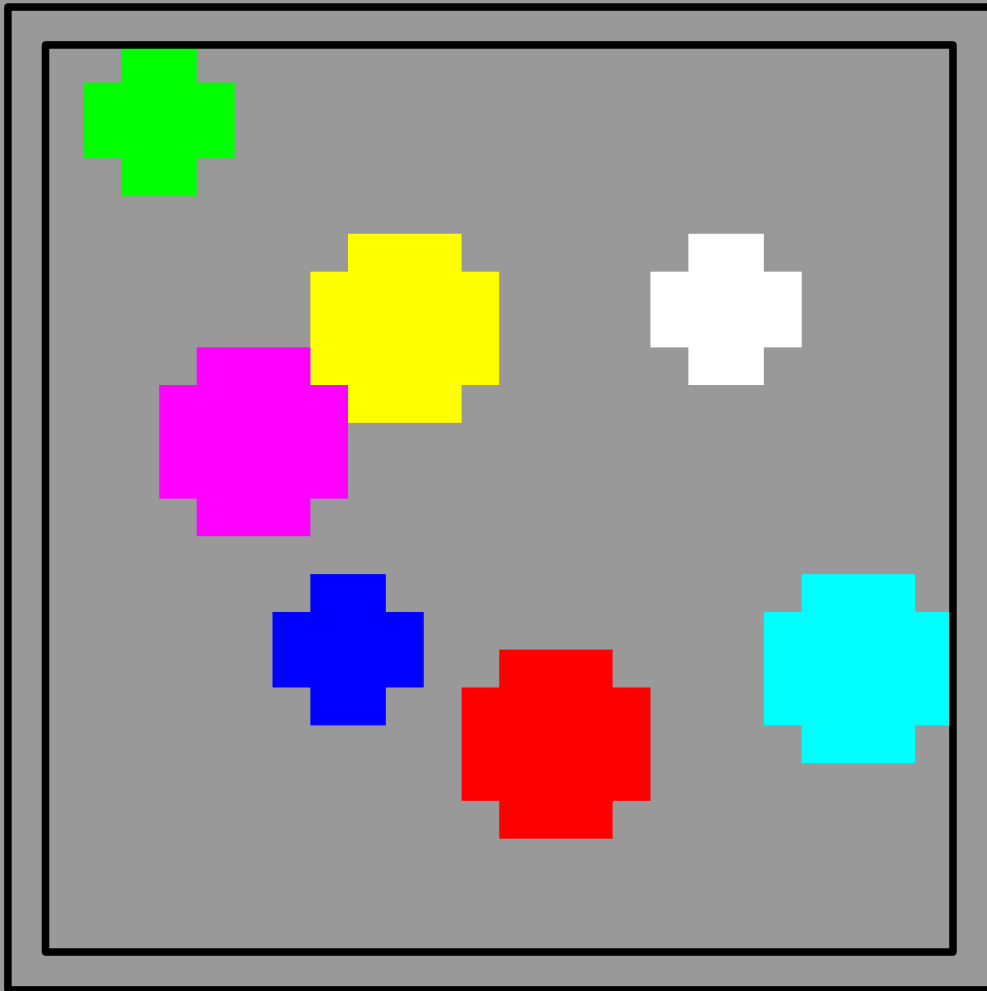


# Some game ideas

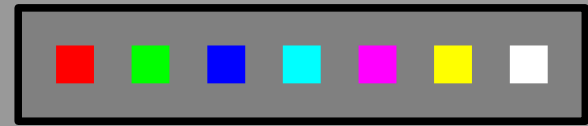


Dot Chase (by Aiden): Dots move around. Chase the dots of your colour, jump on them, they will reappear elsewhere. Player who stomped their own colour in the time limit the most wins. Maybe size handicap for good players?

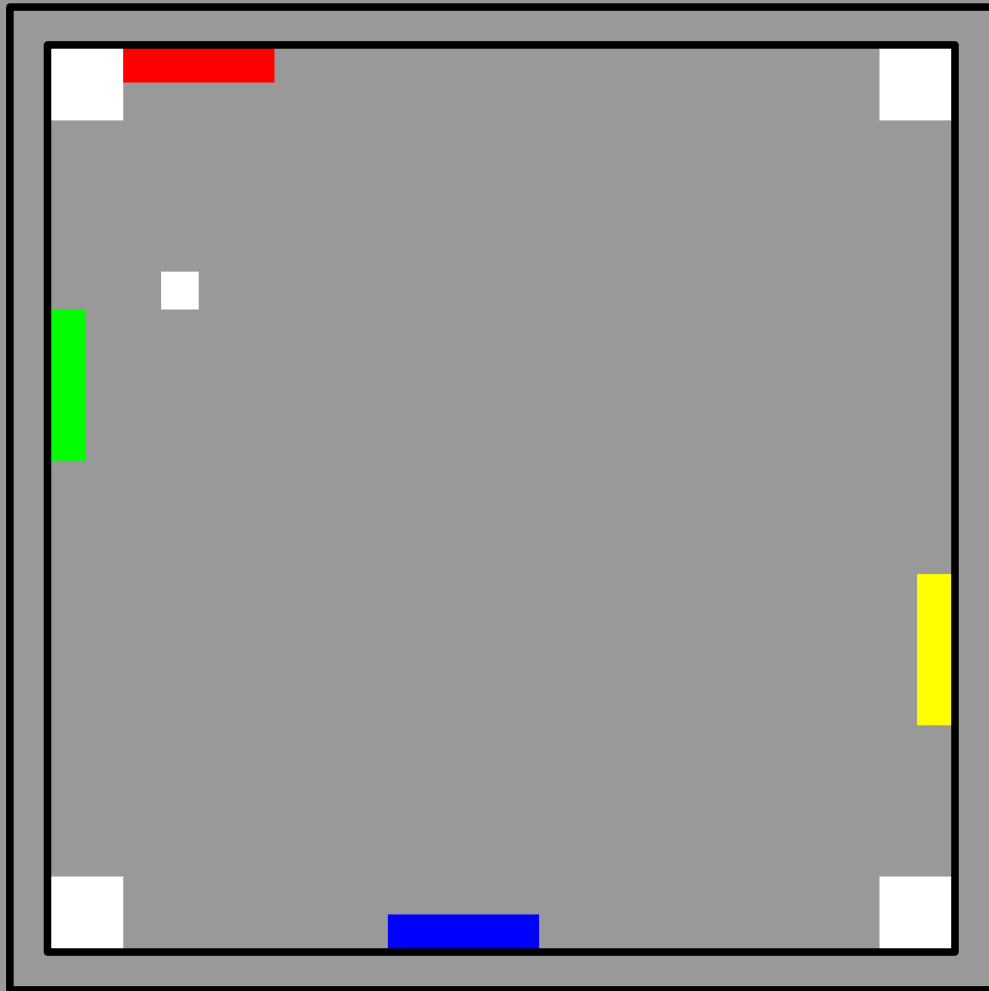
Music time!



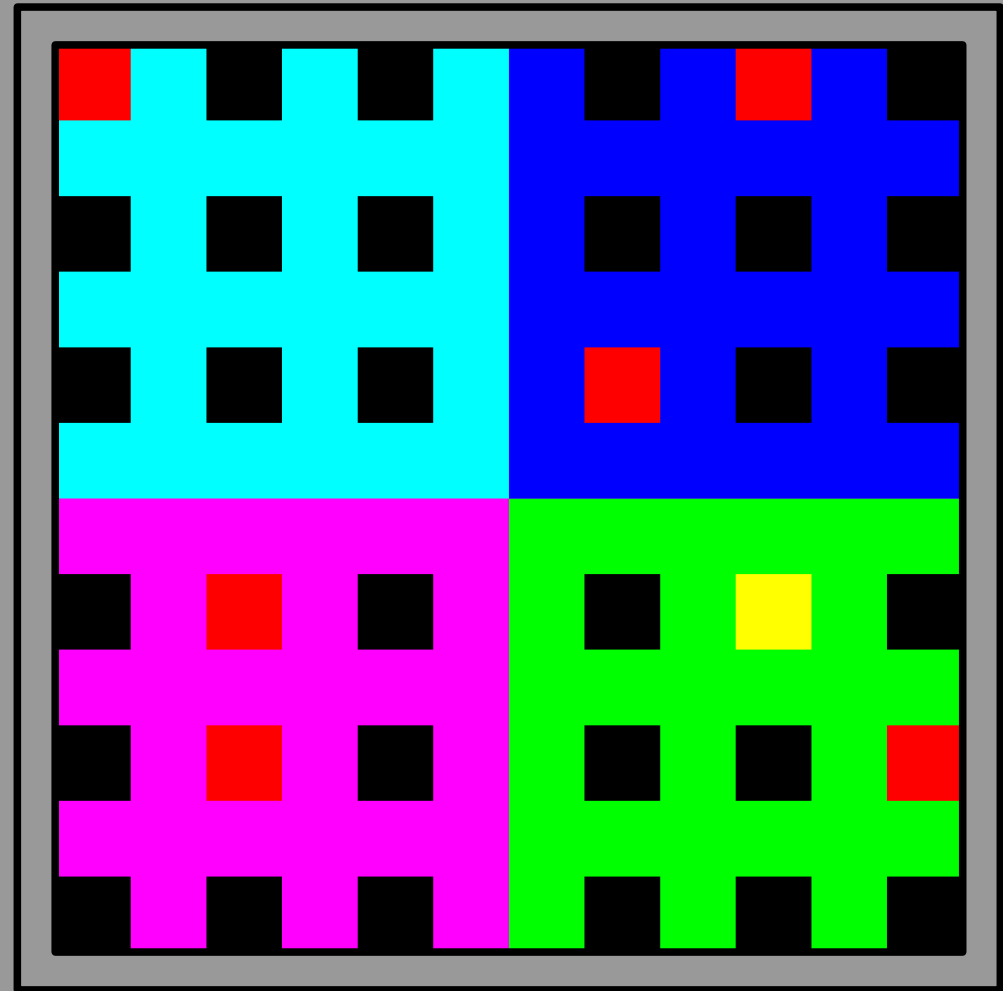
# Some game ideas



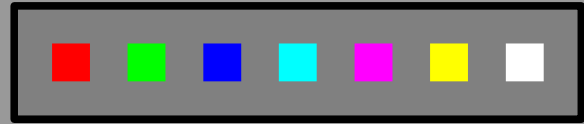
Multi-Player-Pong! Obvious one really



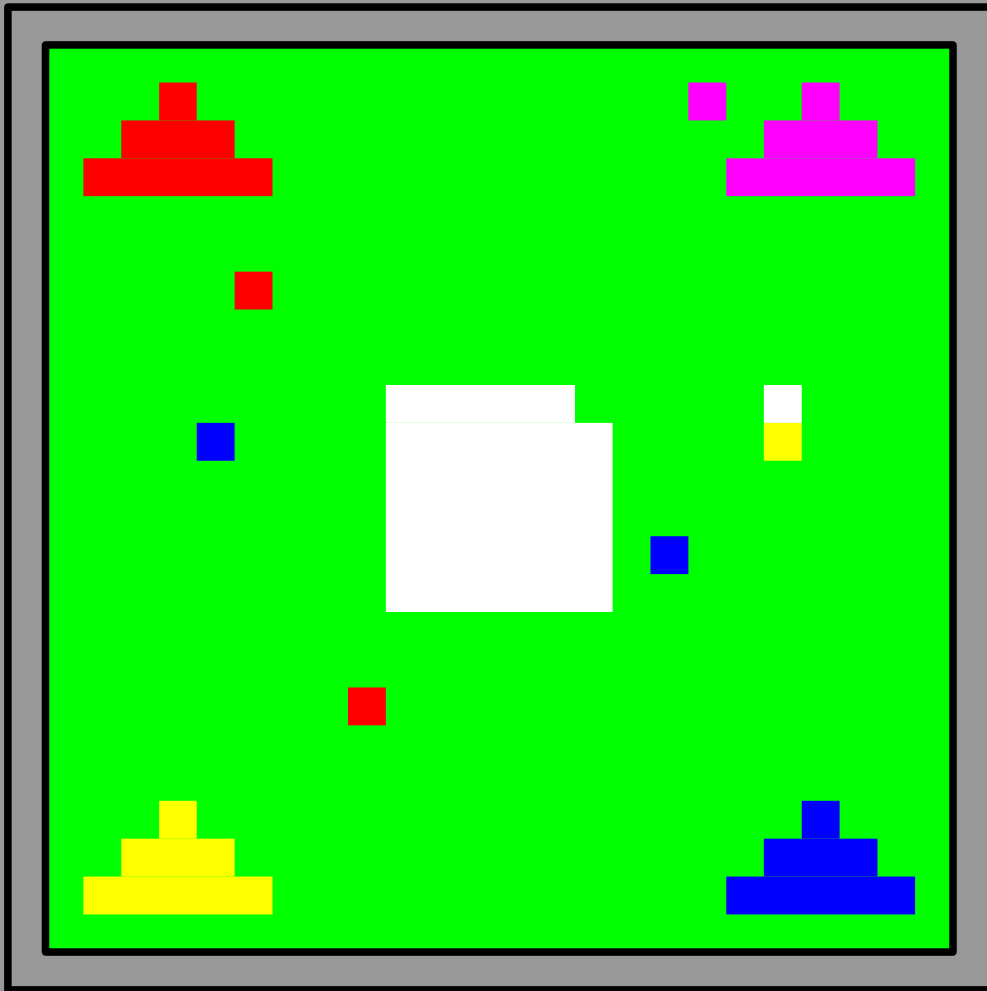
Fire-brigade, by KJ. Windows in the 4 buildings light up with red/yellow flames. Step on them to put them out



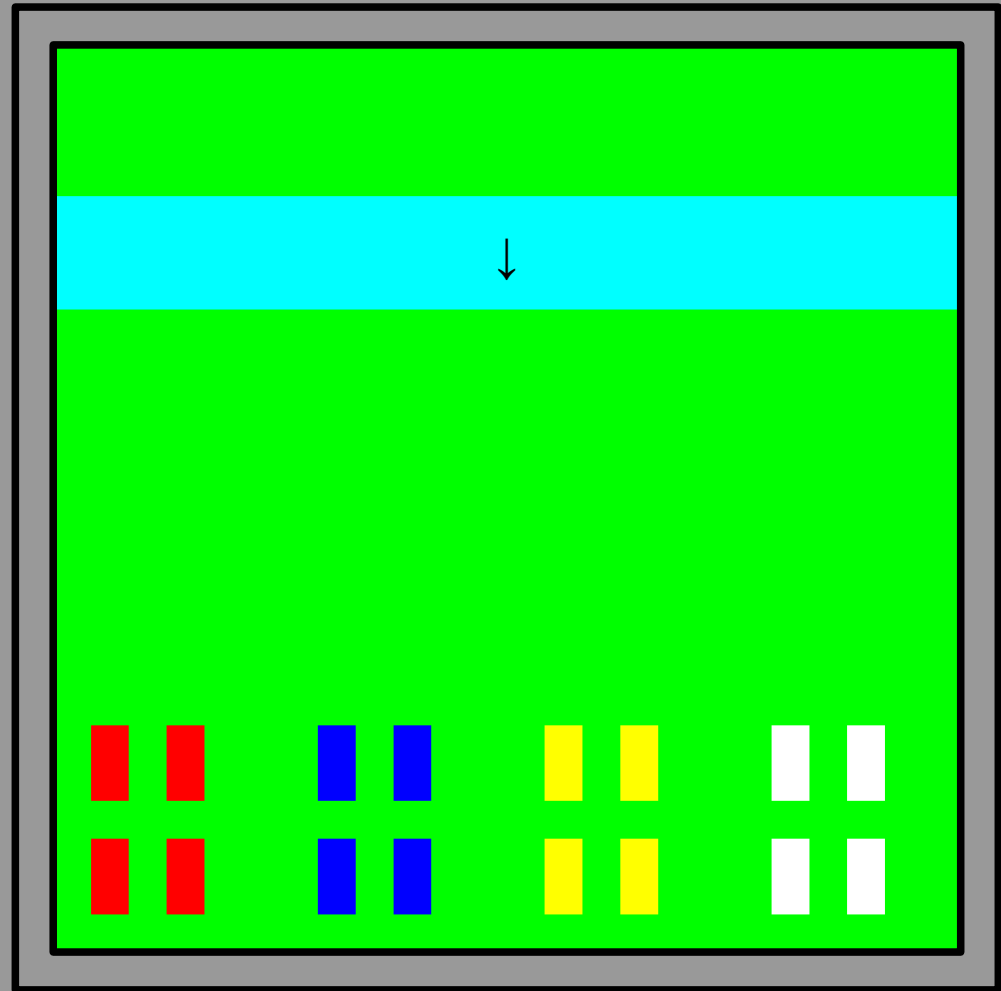
# Some game ideas



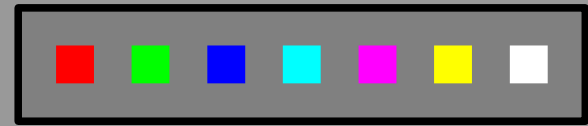
Ant Attack (by KJ) – ants (possibly single-pixel?) appear out of the hills and crawl around in a spiral to the food on the picnic blanket in the middle (taking some white with them?), and back to their nests. Squish the ants!



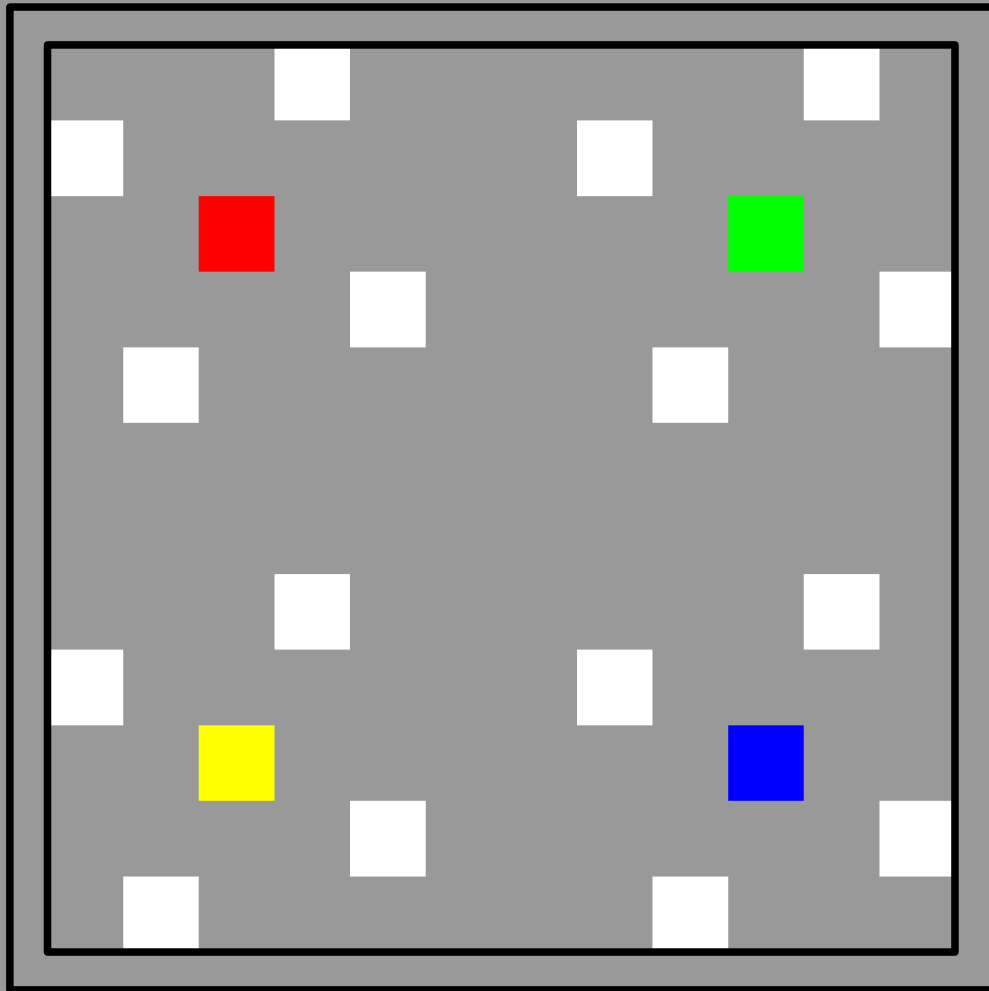
Horse jump (by Estelle, for KJ): Players kneel on all fours at one end of the floor. Obstacles come down the screen and you must jump over them



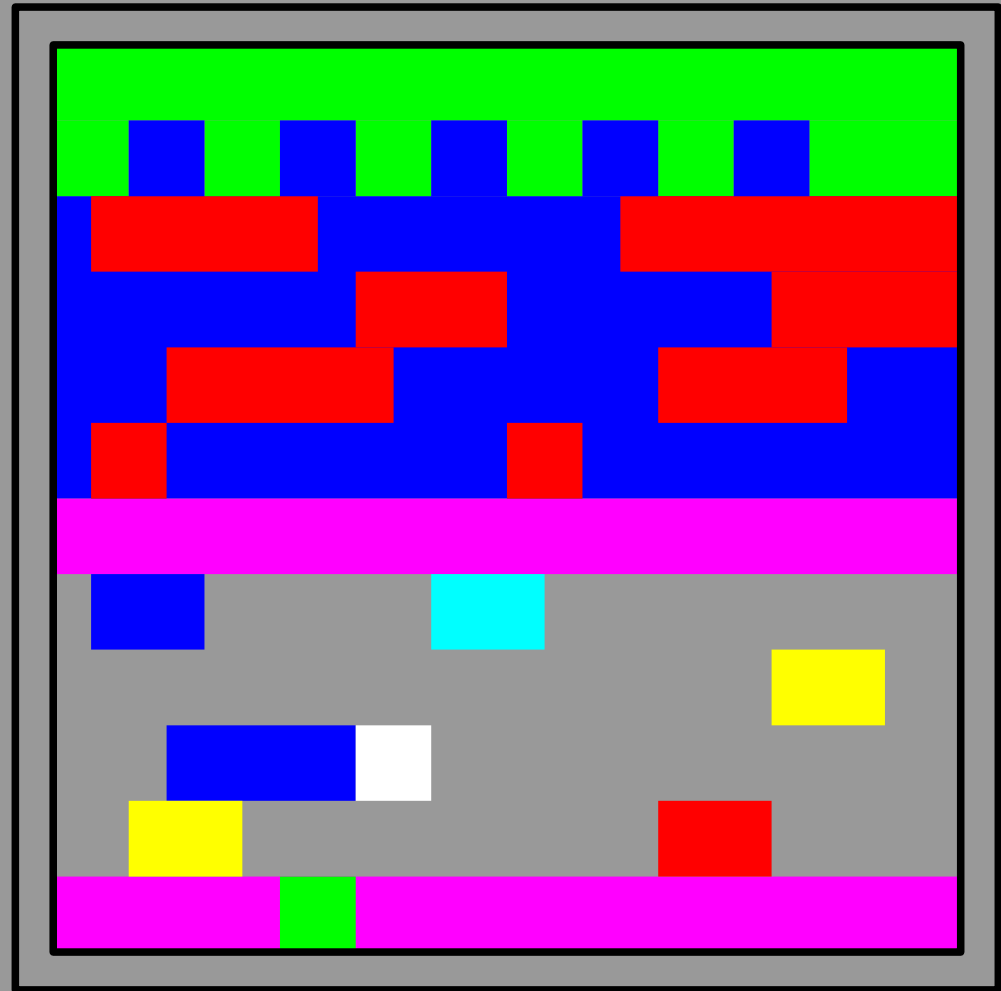
# Some game ideas



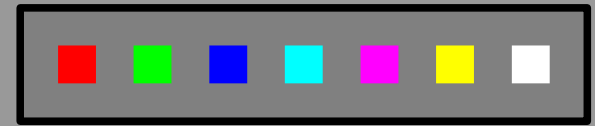
Dance-off – one player dances, their moves scroll across the board to another player who has to copy them as accurately as possible. Repeat a few times for different players sending to different players. 1-player or 2-pl cooperative DDR-like also possible



Frogger? These frogs and cars made out of small numbers of pixels are tricky!

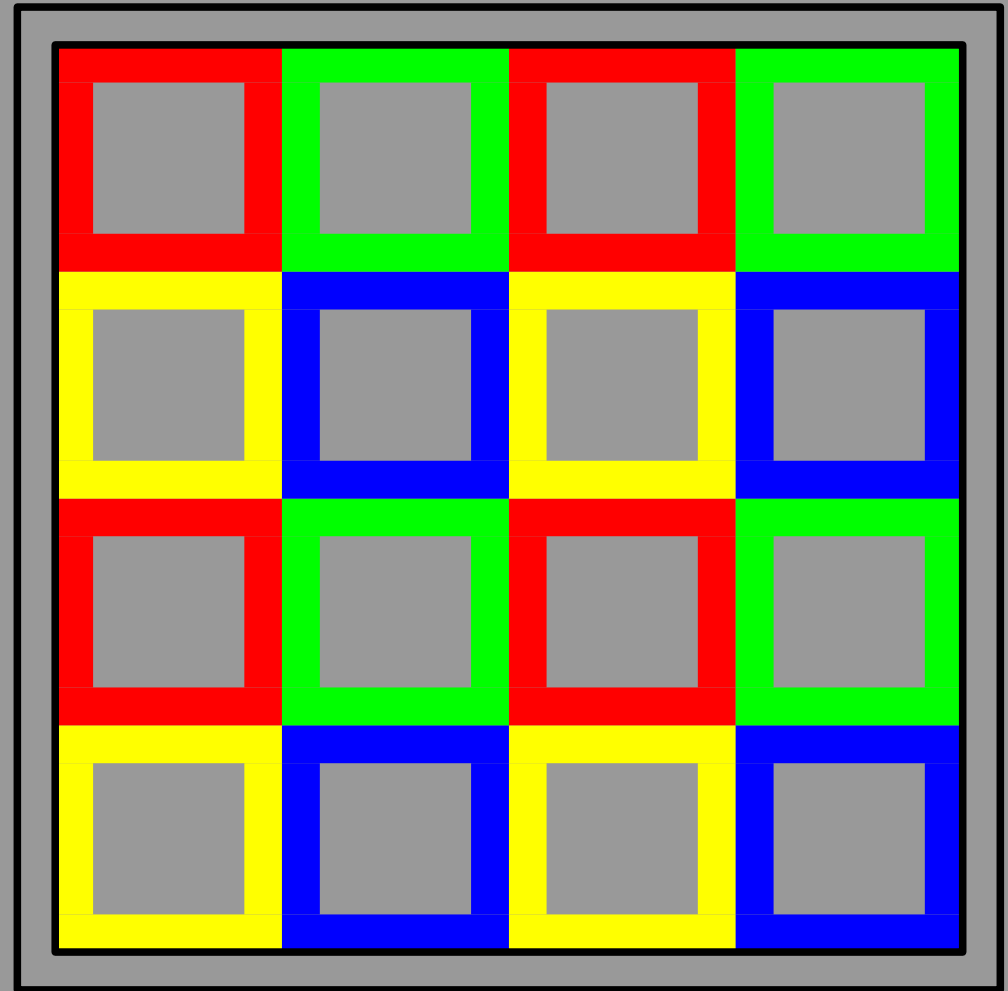
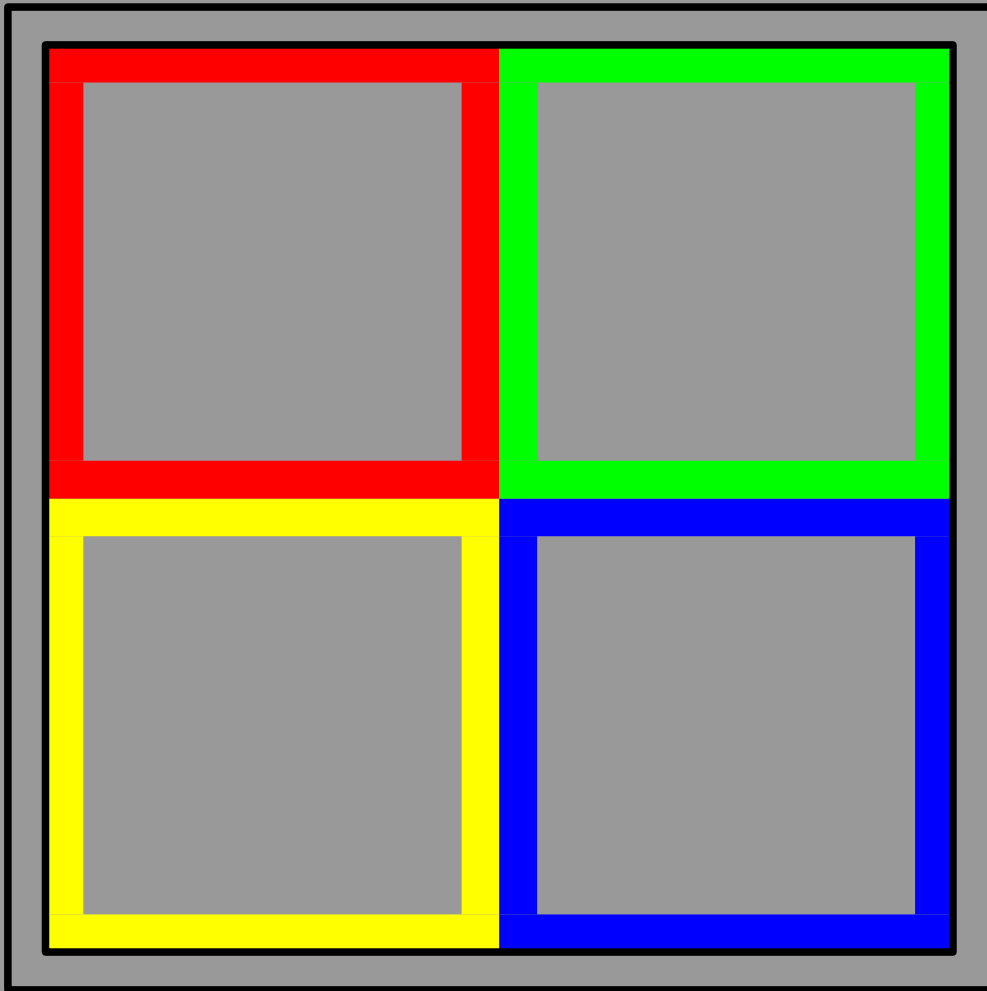


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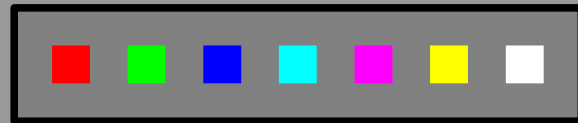


Simon... Seriously, you need me to explain Simon?

Multi-player Simon – same patterns, see who remembers the longest sequence?



# Some game ideas



For a more relaxing low-exercise game...  
Checkers / Draughts, anyone? Problem  
here is the squares are 3x3 and the sensors  
are 2x2.

Chess pieces in 3x3 would be REALLY  
tricky, but KJ's going to give it a try

Instead, use some border space for scoring  
or something? Squares are now the same  
size as the sensors

